



PEOPLE'S TELEVISION
P A R A S A B A Y A N

People's Television Network, Inc
Broadcast Complex, Visayas Avenue, Diliman, Quezon City 1100
Telephone No. 3453-1097 /www.ptv.ph

BID BULLETIN NO. 1

14 March 2022

Design and Build of a Four-Legged (4) Three Hundred (300) Feet TV Broadcast Tower including the Transmitter Building with Roofdeck and Perimeter Fence for PTV Davao del Norte of the People's Television Network, Inc.
ITB NO. 2022-0005

This bulletin is being issued to revise/clarify certain portions of the bidding documents. This shall form an integral part of the bidding document for the above-stated project.

Correction	
1	Please disregard in pg. 39 of the bidding documents the "Existing Plan Second Floor".

Reminder/ Additional Requirement	
1	Please see the Geotechnical Investigation Report in Annex "A" as basis for the detailed Preliminary Design.

All other information in the Bidding Documents inconsistent with the above is hereby revised accordingly. All other provisions which are not affected shall remain in effect.

For further guidance and information of all concerned.

Thank you.


ATTY. JASON SHAHEER H. SALENDAB
Chairman
Bids and Awards Committee

"ANNEX A"

Submittal:

GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT

Subsurface Soil Investigation No. G-266 Sites:

.....

**VERIFICATION SOIL BORING TEST
PROPOSED TWO STOREY SP/LEGISLATIVE BUILDING
Davao del Norte Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City**

.....



Proponent:

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PG DEPT. HEAD, PROVINCIAL ENGINEER'S OFFICE**

&

**JESSIE G. ISALES
AUTHORIZED MANAGING OFFICER
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Prepared by:

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A subsurface soil investigation was conducted by drilling/boring one (1) test hole at a maximum depth of 12 meters from the existing ground line as shown in the borehole location plan shown (see appendix). The project site that is under consideration is an open lot inside the Davao del Norte Provincial Government Center with relatively flat slope and on this location the subsurface field testing using Standard Penetration Test was conducted to provide soil stratification data on the proposed jobsite, the written report contains the discussions, evaluation and recommendations intended for the design of structural foundation of the *Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building, Davao del Norte Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City.*

The primary objectives of this study are the following:

1. To determine subsurface soil conditions and parameters, its strength and deformation characteristics.
2. To evaluate and calculate the allowable bearing capacity of soil for specific depth and footing sizes.

Recommended values of maximum gross allowable bearing capacities are shown below using the factor of safety of (F.S.) of 3.0 to be used for the design of shallow foundation.

Depth of Excavation	Modified Allowable Bearing Capacity
1.0m	1,900 psf (90.9 KPa)
2.0m	1,801 psf (86.2 KPa)
3.0m	1,500 psf (71.8 KPa)
4.5m	1,190 psf (71.8 KPa)
6.0m	1,762 psf (84.3 KPa)
7.5m	1,906 psf (91.2 KPa)
9.0m	1,302 psf (62.3 KPa)
10.5m	1,707 psf (81.7 KPa)
12.0m	1,552 psf (74.2 KPa)

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

Background of the Study

A subsurface soil investigation was conducted by drilling/boring one (1) test hole at a maximum depth of 12 meters from the existing ground line as shown in the borehole location plan shown (see appendix). The project site that is under consideration is an open lot inside the Davao del Norte Provincial Government Center with relatively flat slope and on this location the subsurface field testing using Standard Penetration Test was conducted to provide soil stratification data on the proposed jobsite, the written report contains the discussions, evaluation and recommendations intended for the design of structural foundation of the *Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building, Davao del Norte Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City.*

Field and laboratory tests were conducted on the soil samples according to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards and specifications. The test hole was advanced by percussion pad rig boring/drilling with mild steel drill bits for medium to very soft soil consistency and using hard-steel drill bits percussion if rock formations are encountered.

Objective of the Study

The primary objectives of this study are the following:

1. To determine subsurface soil conditions and parameters, its strength and deformation characteristics.
2. To evaluate and calculate the allowable bearing capacity of soil for specific depth and footing sizes.

Scope of the Study

The study covers the following scope:

1. To perform the Standard Penetration Test in one (1) location for a depth of 12 meters.
2. To conduct the soil laboratory test.
3. To analyze the field data and laboratory results.
4. To provide findings, conclusions and recommendations.

Assumptions of the Study

The study made the following assumptions:

1. That the one (1) borehole are sufficient enough to describe the soil classification and parameters.

Limitations of the Study

The study is limited to the following items:

1. That the depth is limited to 12 meters subsurface exploration.
2. That at least one sample is taken in every 1.5 meters interval.
3. It should be noted that the design of footing are excluded in the scope of work of this report.

CHAPTER 2

METHODOLOGY

Field Procedures

1. Drilling Procedure

The borehole was advanced by percussion pad rig boring/drilling to the depth of 12 meters. The Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) was conducted at every 1.5 meters interval for the succeeding depth or often with the change in formation.

2. Split-Spoon Sampling Procedure

The Standard Penetration Test consisted of driving a *Standard Split-spoon sampler* of 50.8 mm (2" O.D.) diameter in three successive 152.4 mm (6") intervals using a drop hammer of 64 kilograms (140 lbs.) weight from a height of 762 mm (30"). The number of blows to penetrate 152.4 mm (6") is recorded successively until the third interval is penetrated. The first interval blow count is considered as the seating drive and is discarded. The last two blow counts from the second and third intervals are added to give what is known as the *N-value* which is a measure of the density or consistency of the underlying soils. This number is generally referred to as the *N value* (American Society for Testing and Materials, 1992, Designation D-1586-84). The consistency and unconfined compression strength of clayey soils, the approximate relative density and angle of friction for sands can be correlated to the *N-value*. The sampler is then withdrawn, and the shoe and coupling are removed. Measurements on dimension and volume are made on soil sample recovered from the tube and are then placed in a sealed container and transported for further laboratory test.

Laboratory Test Procedures

The following laboratory tests and their brief description were carried out on the soil samples obtained from site.

1. Classification of Soils for Engineering Purpose

ASTM D 2487-00 Standard Practice Classification of Soils for Engineering Purpose (Unified Soil Classification System)

2. Particle Size Analysis of Soils

ASTM D 7928 Standard Practice Methods for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils: Soil was passed through a series of sieves, the weight of soil retained on each sieve determined and recorded. For each sample analyzed, a gradation curve was drawn based on the percent finer by weight.

3. Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit & Plasticity Index of Soils

ASTM D 4318-00 Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index of Soils: The liquid limit and plastic limit of soils (along with the shrinkage limit) are often collectively referred to as the Atterberg limits. These limits distinguished the boundaries of the several consistency states of plastic soils.

4. Laboratory Determination of Moisture Content of Soils.

ASTM D 2216-98 Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Determination of Water Content (Moisture) of Soil and Rock by Mass: The ratio expressed as percentage of the weight of water in a given mass of soil to the weight of the solid particles.

CHAPTER 3

RESULTS, FINDINGS AND EVALUATION

1. Bearing Capacity

The results on bearing capacity, the angle of internal friction & the cohesion by correlation were determined from the MathCAD Geotechnical Calculations and by NAVFAC DM 7.01, AASHTO and BS77 Typical Values.

Borehole No. 1

Footing Depth (m)	Consistency or Compactness	N - Values	USCS Symbol	Corrected Allowable Bearing Capacity (KPa)
0.0 – 1.0	Loose	8.0	SC-SM	121 KPa
1.0 – 12	Very Loose, Medium and Loose	6.9	SM	85 KPa

The findings on this site for the *Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building at DDN Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City* is underlain with layers of very loose to medium of coarse-grained soils from 0 to 12m.

In borehole no.1, the soils are characterized is mixed of silty and clayey sand with classification group-symbol SC-SC and SM soil classification in accordance with ASTM D2487. The SPT N value ranges from 8 – 8 blows/ft. from 0 to 1.0 meters under GS-1 (SC-SM soil) samples and from 4 – 11 blows/ft. from 1.0 to 12 meters under GS-2 (SM soil) samples. Laboratory test results for this borehole have indicated a slightly plastic SC-SM soil and non-plastic SM soil. The natural moisture contents on the other hand, ranges from 10% to 31%

The groundwater table (GWT) was not observed at the time of boring. The summary of findings is set out in the following matrices. More details of the results are presented in the Appendix of this report.

Borehole No.1

Depth (m)	Depth h (m)	Sampling	N-value (blow/ft)	N-value (blow/ft)	UCT q_u	Material
From	To	Method	N_{range}	N_{ave}	Kg/cm ²	Type
0.0	1.0	SPT	8 - 8	8.0	-----	SC-SM: Silty Clayey Sand slightly plastic fines
1.0	12	SPT	4 - 11	6.9	-----	SM: Silty Sand Non-plastic fines

2. Liquefaction Evaluation

The liquefaction assessment is to be carried out in a deposit of sandy soil formations that is below the water table. The assessment is based on Seed and Idriss Simplified Method in calculating for the load in terms of maximum cyclic shear ratio (CSR) determined from the shear stress-time history during an earthquake of magnitude of 7.5 which is converted into an equivalent number of significant stress cycles. The resistance is also calculated in terms of cyclic resistance ratio (CRR) as functions of SPT blow count, Earthquake Magnitude 7.5 and vertical stress. A Liquefaction Factor of Safety (LFS) is determined by dividing the CRR with the value of CSR for a given depth of soil in each borehole. A Liquefaction Factor of Safety (LFS) value less than 1 means that the depth being considered is potential for soil liquefaction. The soil liquefaction analysis would also show the depth and location of soil liquefaction potentials when the project site is subjected to a ground motion acceleration of 0.4g and of earthquake magnitude 7.5.

As shown in the tables of LFS below, the sandy silt soil formation of all boreholes where the average liquefaction factor of safety (LFS) is less than 1 are considered to be the soil depths potential for soil liquefaction during a seismic activity. The liquefaction potential will occur at silty sand soil formation from 1.0 m to at least 12m since the average Liquefaction Factor of Safety (LFS) is less than 1 as indicated in Table 2.1. The table below as shown are summary of liquefaction potentials if water table rise near the bottom of footings and if the earthquake magnitude is at least 7.5. **Note that the average liquefaction factor of safety (LFS) is 0.72 is moderately susceptible to liquefaction.**

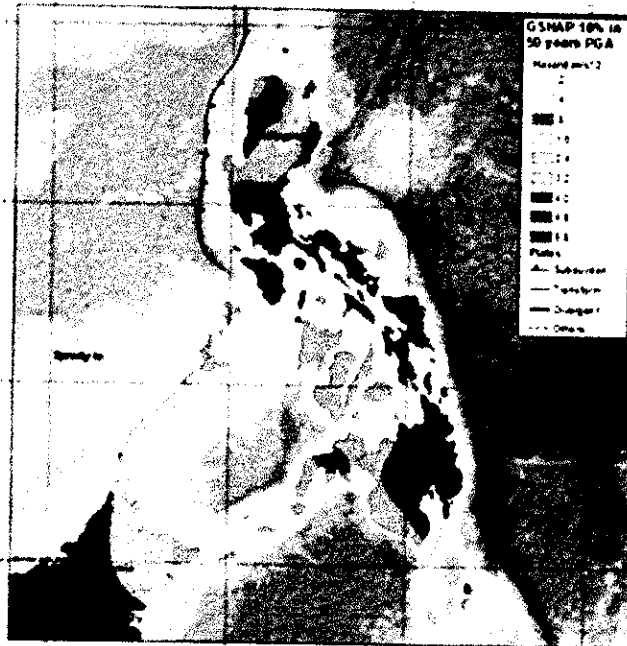
Table 2.1 Summary of Liquefaction for Borehole #1 if the Water Table will rise near the bottom of footing.

Depth (m)	Depth (m)	Average Corrected N-value (blow/ft)	Ave. Liquefaction Factor of Safety (LFS)	Material
From	To	N'	LFS	Type
0.0	1.0	24.8	1.04	SC-SM: Silty, Clayey Sand slightly plastic fines
1.0	12	10	0.65	SM: Silty Sand non plastic fines

Average Liquefaction Factor of Safety, LFS = 0.72

3.0 Seismicity of Mindanao Areas

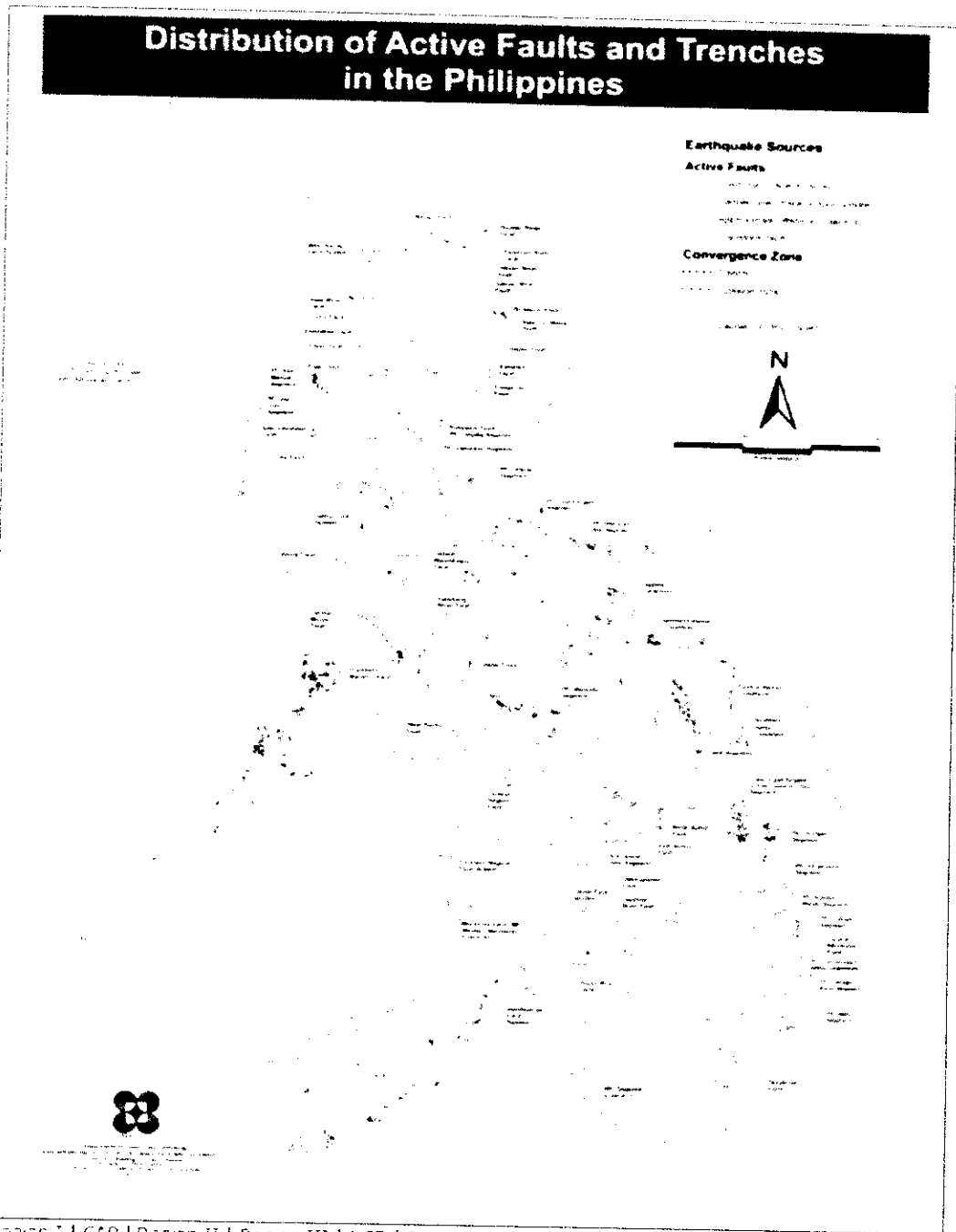
The Philippines is situated in a tectonically active region. Accounting some of the major fault zone on Mindanao Island are the Philippine Fault and its splay faults, Philippine Trench, Cotabato Trench, Mindanao Fault, and other inferred faults. According to the Global Seismic Hazard Map of the UN/International Decade of Natural Disaster Reduction Study (1998), the Mindanao Regions has pink and red color correspond to high hazard (24% - 40% g, where g equals acceleration of gravity) with 10% chance of exceedance of some ground motion parameter for an exposure time of 50 years, corresponding to a return period of 475 years.



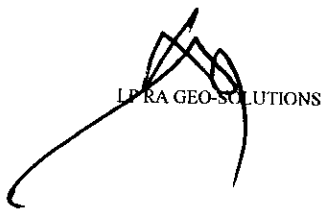
Seismicity in the Tagum City, Davao Region, Region XII and Bukidnon was relatively active for the past few months and it is noted that in Tagum City is bounded by seismic generators which are to be considered in the seismic analysis for the design of the structures. The Philippine fault zone, the following active faults near Tagum City area according to PHIVOLCS Hazard Hunter, PHIVOLCS Fault Finder and NSCP 2015:

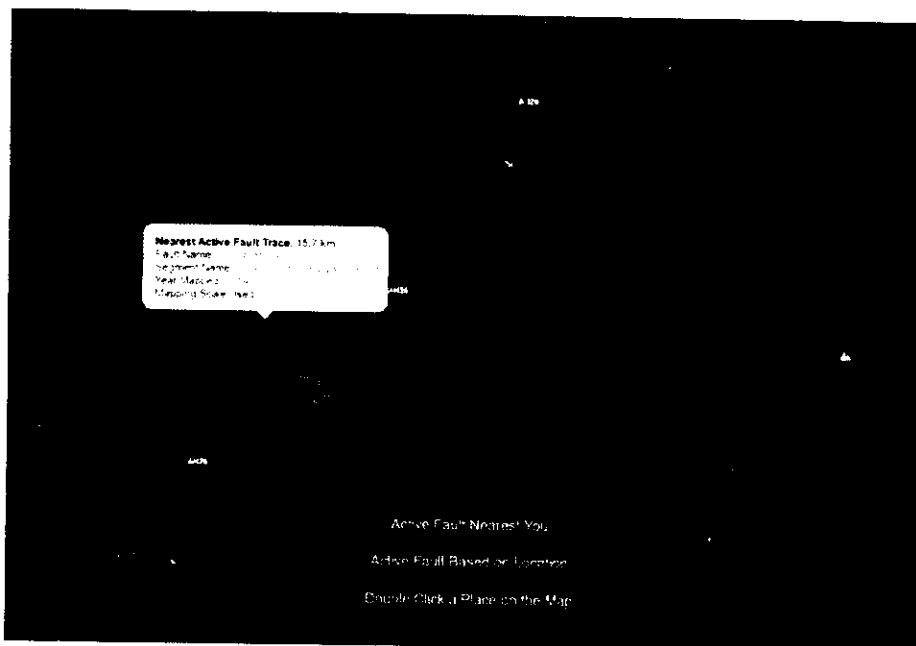
1. South Bukidnon Fault/South Bukidnon Fault Segment, Year mapped - 2019.
2. Sawaga River Fault/Sawaga River Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2019 – Malaybalay Bukidnon
3. Tagoloan River Fault/Tagoloan Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2000 – CDO & Bukidnon
4. Cabanglasan Fault/Cabanglasan Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2000 – Claveria, Misamis Oriental
5. Central Mindanao Fault/Central Mindanao Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2000 – Gingoog to Laak (Davao de Oro).
6. Philippine Fault
 - Mati Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DOr.
 - Caraga River Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DOr.

- East Compostela Valley Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DDO
 - East Compostela Valley Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DDO
 - West Compostela Valley Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DDO
 - Central Compostela Valley Fault Segment, Year mapped – 2014 – DDO
 - Nabunturan Fault Segment, Year mapped – Year mapped 2014 – DDO
7. Unnamed Offshore Projection – 2000 – Don Marcelino (Davao Occidental).
 8. Davao River Fault/Davao River Fault Segment – Year mapped - 2000
 9. Colosas Fault/Colosas Fault Segment – Year mapped 2016 – near Sto. Tomas, DDN.
 10. Central Davao Fault System (CDFS), Year mapped – 2016 (Not yet included in the 2015 NSCP)
 - New Carmen Fault Segment
 - Dacudao Fault Segment
 - Lacson Fault Segment
 - Tamugan Fault Segment
 - Pangyan-Biao-Escuela Fault Segment
 11. Central Digos Fault System (CDFS)/ND Segment, Year mapped – 2019
 12. Unnamed Offshore Projection – 2000 – Gov. Generoso (Davao Oriental)
 13. Tangbunan Fault System /ND Segment, Year mapped – 2019
 14. Unnamed Fault near Koronadal City, Year mapped – 2000
 15. Matalam Fault/ND Segment, Year mapped – 2019
 16. Cotabato Davao Fault System (MFS), Year mapped – 2019
 - Makilala- Malungon Fault Segment (2019)
 - North Colombio Fault Segment (2019)
 - South Colombio Fault Segment (2019)
 17. Mindanao Fault System (CFS), Year mapped – 2019
 - Daguma Extension (2000)
 - Mindanao Fault Segment (2000)



Region I | C&P | Region II | Region III | MCR | Region IV | Region IV-B | Region V | Region VI | Region VII | Region VIII | Region IX





Year mapped – 2014 by Philippine Institute Volcanology and Seismology (PHIVOLCS), Department Science and Technology (DOST), Geological Survey of Japan (GSJ) and National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology of Japan (AIST)

PHIVOLCS Hazard Hunter GeoRisk App

Nearest Active Fault Trace: 15.6 Km

Fault Name: Philippine Fault

Segment Name: West Compostela Valley Fault

Year Mapped: 2014

Earthquake-Induced Landslide: Data being updated

Ground Rupture: Safe

Ground Shaking: Prone

Tsunami: Safe

Liquefaction: This area Generally Susceptible to Liquefaction per PHIVOLCS Hazard Hunter GeoRisk App but according to the Seed and Idriss Simplified Method of Liquefaction Assessment this particular location is Moderately Susceptible to Liquefaction (please see page 9 – page 10 on this report).

CHAPTER 4

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusion and Recommendations:

Conclusion on the Foundation Condition:

Based on the results and findings, the following conclusion is drawn:

That the soil upon which the *Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building* Foundation is to be built is characterized by a 12 meters layer of low bearing capacity soil (1100 psf to 2000 psf). The soil formation where the proposed building will be set on silty sand soil formations.

Recommendation for Footings resting on Soil (Design):

Taking the results, findings and conclusions into considerations, the undersigned recommends the following:

1. For the proposed *Two Storey SP/Legislative Building* if shallow foundation is the option by the Structural Engineer then the maximum gross allowable soil bearing capacities are recommended for use. That the Matrix shown below, is the recommended maximum gross allowable bearing capacities from Meyerhof Equations using direct SPT Number, Terzaghi Equations and Skempton Equation using correlated shear strength parameters. These values were obtained using the factor of safety of (F.S.) of 3.0.

Depth of Excavation	Modified Allowable Bearing Capacity
1.0m	1,900 psf (90.9 KPa)
2.0m	1,801 psf (86.2 KPa)
3.0m	1,500 psf (71.8 KPa)
4.5m	1,190 psf (71.8 KPa)
6.0m	1,762 psf (84.3 KPa)
7.5m	1,906 psf (91.2 KPa)
9.0m	1,302 psf (62.3 KPa)
10.5m	1,707 psf (81.7 KPa)
12.0m	1,552 psf (74.2 KPa)

2. That interconnecting tie-beams shall be provided to minimize the differential settlement or uneven settlement of foundation due the presence of a weak soil strata.

3. That the footings shall be oversized to reduce the anticipated foundation settlement and to mitigate the soil liquefaction.

4. That foundation shall be provided by drainage for pore pressure relief as mitigation solution for potential soil liquefaction. The use of Relief Wells such as Gravel or Rock Drains to dissipate the excess water pressure during Cyclic loading.

5. That foundation improvement shall be considered by the Structural Engineer using acceptable methods.

a) Removal or Replacement of Undesirable Soil (Remove the weak & undesirable soil and Replace/Excavate & recompact it with foundation fill “good special granular materials”) with Geotextile Fabric Separator

Materials shall conform below;

Maximum sieve size = 50mm ----- 100% mass passing (max.)

#10 Sieve Size = 2mm ----- 50% mass passing (max.)

#40 Sieve Size = 0.425mm ----- 30% mass passing (max.)

#200 Sieve Size = 0.075mm ----- 15% mass passing (max.)

Liquid Limit ----- 35% maximum

Plasticity Index ----- 6% maximum

b) Soil Reinforcement Method and may be made with a number of materials:

- Woven Geotextiles
- Polymer Geogrids of Polyethylene (usually uniaxial) & polypropylene (usually biaxial)
- Polyester and Fiberglass Geogrids (often knitted or stitched at junctions) and usually coated with a polymer such as polyethylene or PVC or with bitumen.

c) Foundation modification by Densification of In-situ material.

- Densification of the In-situ Soil by Vibroflotation.
- Densification of the In-situ Soil by Dynamic Compaction.
- Densification of the In-situ Soil by Compaction Piles.

- Densification of the In-situ Soil by Soil Displacement using Head Size Boulders at least .75 cu.m. to 1.0 cu.m. per Square Meter of the Footing Footprint and with Gravel-Sand mix to occupy the voids between boulders.

d) In-situ Soil Improvement.

- Soil Improvement by Compaction Grouting.
- Soil Improvement by Chemical stabilization.

Correlated Soil Properties & Parameters:

Taking the field results, laboratory results, evaluation analysis into considerations and the undersigned recommends the following:

1. **Shear Strength Parameters:**

Representative Values:

- Angle of Internal Friction for SC-SM (35% Fines & 65% Coarse) ---- 15°
- Angle of Internal Friction for SM (25% Fines & 75% Coarse) ----- 28°
- Cohesion for SC-SM (35% Fines & 65% Coarse) ----- 14 KPa
- Cohesion for SM (25% Fines & 75% Coarse) ----- 24 KPa

2. **Weight Parameters:**

- Average Unit Weight ----- 16.7 KN/m³

3. **Modulus of Subgrade Reaction**

- k_s for SC-SM ----- 10,900 KPa/m (average)
- k_s for SM ----- 9,200 KPa/m (average)

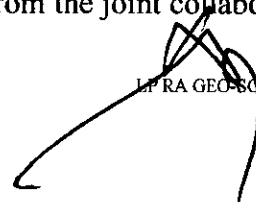
Earthquake Design:

1. **Site Geology and Soil Characteristics:**

- Soil Type: S_E for SPT N-Values is less than 15, Field SPT $N_{average} = 7.1$ for the SC-SM and SM soils.

2. **Site Seismic Hazard Characteristics:** Based from the nearest fault lines shown in Fault Finder Maps & Hazard Hunter, a web apps from the joint collaboration between

LP RA GEO SOLUTIONS



DOST-PHILVOCS and GSJ (Japan). The proposed project site is more or less 15.6km from

Fault Name: Philippine Fault

Segment Name: West Compostela Valley Fault

Year Mapped: 2014

- NSCP 2015, Zone Factor $Z = 0.40$
- **If Seismic Source Type = A**
- Near Source Factor $N_a = 1.00$ proposed project site is 15.6 km to known seismic source. (a) $\leq 2\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.5$, (b) $\leq 5\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.2$, (c) $\leq 10\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.0$
- Near Source Factor $N_v = 1.00$, proposed project site is 15.6 km to known seismic source. (a) $\leq 2\text{km}$; $N_v = 2.0$, (b) $\leq 5\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.6$ (c) $\leq 10\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.2$, (d) $\leq 15\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.0$
- Importance Factor $I = 1.0$ for government buildings not to be used for Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Operation.


- NSCP 2015, Zone Factor $Z = 0.40$
- **If Seismic Source Type = B**
- Near Source Factor $N_a = 1.00$, proposed project site is 15.6 km to known seismic source. (a) $\leq 2\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.3$, (b) $\leq 5\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.0$, (c) $\leq 10\text{km}$; $N_a = 1.0$
- Near Source Factor $N_v = 1.00$, proposed project site is 15.6 km to known seismic source. (a) $\leq 2\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.6$, (b) $\leq 5\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.2$ (c) $\leq 10\text{km}$; $N_v = 1.0$
- Importance Factor $I = 1.0$ for government buildings not to be used for Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Operation.

In preparing this report the professional services have been performed, findings obtained and recommendations have been prepared by the undersigned in accordance with generally accepted Engineering Principles and Practices.

If you require additional comment or clarification pertaining to the findings and recommendations, the undersigned will be pleased to comply.

October 2020

Prepared by:



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PRC CE Reg. No 36528
Specialist in Structural Engineering
PICE Accreditation No. StE 137

- *Association of Structural Engineers of the Philippines (ASEP) – Regular Member
- *Institution of Specialist Structural Engineers of the Philippines (ISSEP) - Member
- *Philippine Institute of Civil Engineer (PICE) – Life Member
- *PICE Specialist Member Certificate No. StE. 137 (Structural)

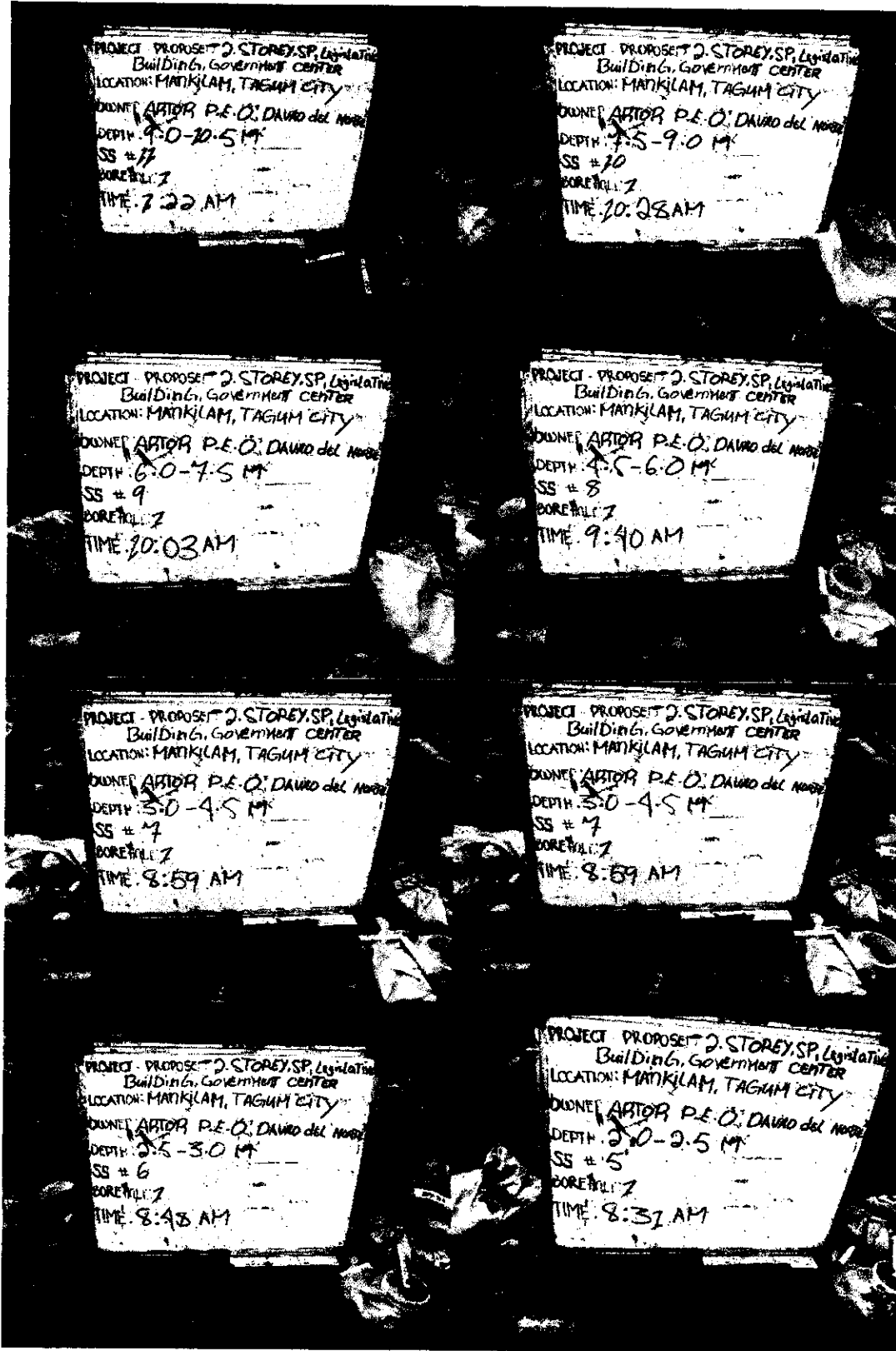
APPENDICES

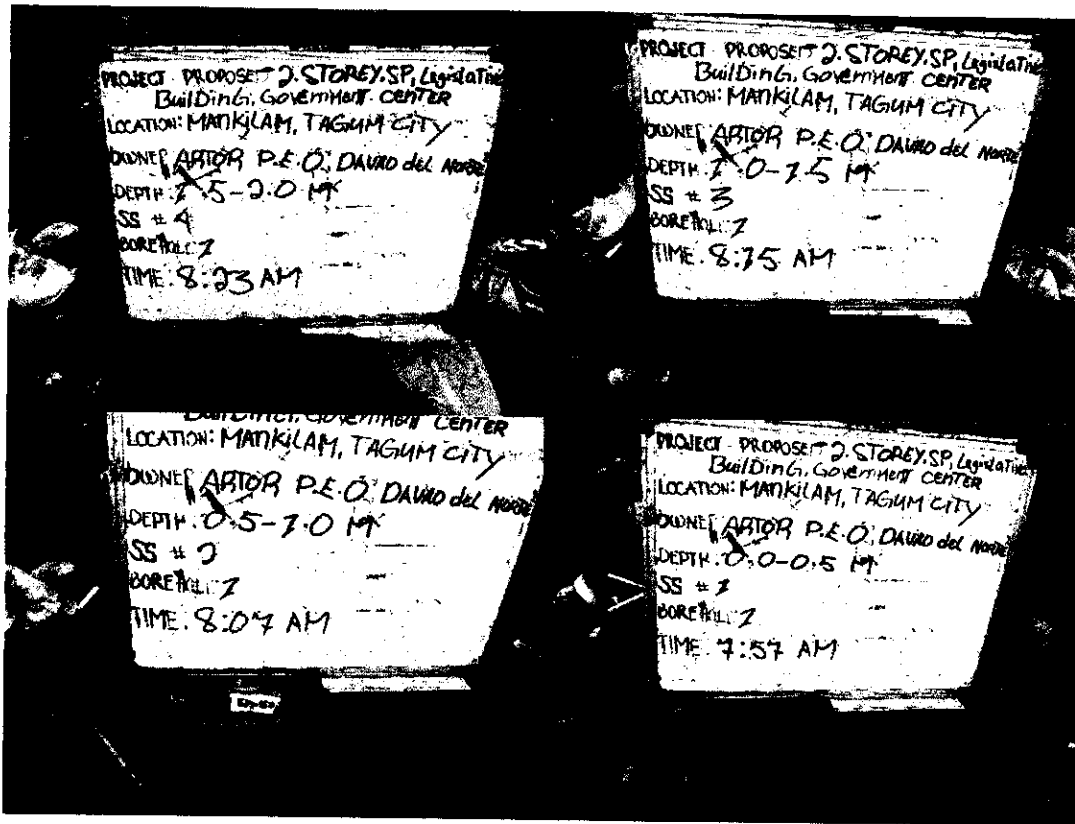
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT
SUBSURFACE SOIL INVESTIGATION BH-1
PROPOSED TWO STOREY SP/LEGISLATIVE BUILDING
DDN PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT CENTER, MANKILAM, DAVAO CITY

LP RA GEO-SOLUTIONS



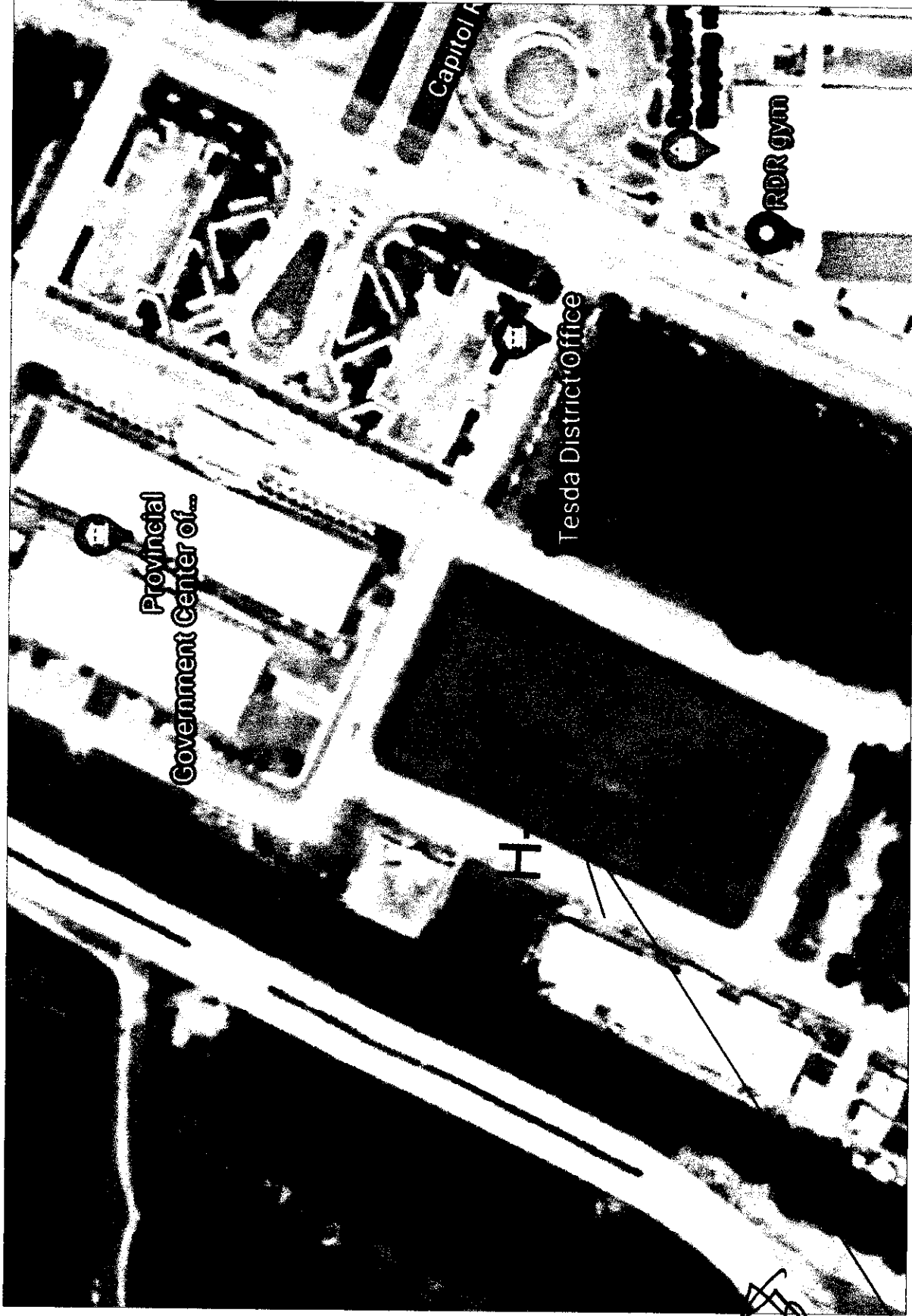
FIELD PICTURE







VICINITY MAP - THIS SITE - Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building,
DDN Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City.
Project Proponent: DDN Provincial Government



LOCATION OF BOREHOLE- Proposed Two Storey SP/Legislative Building, DDN Provincial Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City.
Project Proponent: DDN Provincial Government

A 426

Nearest Active Fault Trace: 15.7 km
Fault Name: Philippine Fault
Segment Name: West Compostela Valley Fault
Year Mapped: 2014
Mapping Scale Used: 1:60,000

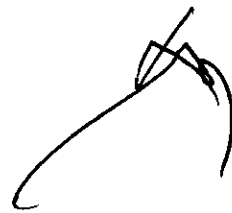
AM26

AM26

Active Fault Nearest You

Active Fault Based on Location

Double Click a Place on the Map





DATE 5 October 2020, 1:05 am
LOCATION City of Tagum (Capital), Davao del Norte
COORDINATES 7.45616 , 125.78202

Note: When scanning the QR code, the assessment results in the website might vary from the results stated in this report due to updates in the data in the GeoRiskPH database. You may refer to the report available upon scanning the QR code for the updated assessment results

Scan to view location

SEISMIC HAZARDS ASSESSMENT

HAZARD	ASSESSMENT	EXPLANATION AND RECOMMENDATION
Ground Rupture	Safe; Approximately 15.6 km from the West Compostela Valley Fault	Ground rupture hazard assessment is the distance to the nearest known active fault in the area. The recommended buffer zone, or Zone of Avoidance, against ground rupture hazard is at least 5 meters on both sides of the active fault or from its Zone of Deformation. Active faults are those that have moved within the last 10,000 years. It shows evidence or has documented history of its recent movement. Ground rupture is a displacement along an active fault trace that reaches the surface.
Ground Shaking	Prone	All sites may be affected by ground shaking in the event of an earthquake and can be mitigated by following the provisions of the National Building code and the Structural code of the Philippines.
Liquefaction	Generally Susceptible	Liquefaction is a phenomenon wherein the ground, especially near the river, lake and coasts, behaves like liquid similar to quicksand due to very strong shaking. Liquefaction hazards can be mitigated by following the provisions of the National Building Code and the Structural Code of the Philippines.
Earthquake-Induced Landslide	Data are being updated	Earthquake-induced landslides are the downward slope movement of rocks, solid and other debris commonly triggered by strong shaking.
Tsunami	Safe	A tsunami is a series of sea waves commonly generated by under-the-sea earthquakes and whose heights could be greater than 5 meters.

Note:

- All hazard assessments are based on the available susceptibility maps and the coordinates of the user's selected location.

PROJECT: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City

Elev.	BH-1		BH-1		BH-1		BH-1		Ave. Field SPT
	Bearing Capacity	SPT	Bearing Capacity	Method	Field SPT	Soil	Soil		
	Bearing Capacity	Depth	psf	2:1 Method	Field SPT	Soil	Soil		
-0.5 m	124.6 KPa	2605 psf	-0.5 m	90.9 KPa	1900 psf	8	ML	8	
-1.0 m	116.6 KPa	2438 psf	-1.0 m	90.9 KPa	1900 psf	8	ML	8	
-1.5 m	85.1 KPa	1779 psf	-1.5 m	86.2 KPa	1801 psf	4	ML	4	
-2.0 m	86.2 KPa	1801 psf	-2.0 m	86.2 KPa	1801 psf	5	ML	5	
-2.5 m	126.2 KPa	2637 psf	-2.5 m	71.8 KPa	1500 psf	11	ML	11	
-3.0 m	104.7 KPa	2187 psf	-3.0 m	71.8 KPa	1500 psf	8	ML	8	
-4.5 m	56.9 KPa	1190 psf	-4.5 m	56.9 KPa	1190 psf	3	SM	3	
-6.0 m	84.3 KPa	1762 psf	-6.0 m	84.3 KPa	1762 psf	7	SM	7	
-7.5 m	91.2 KPa	1906 psf	-7.5 m	91.2 KPa	1906 psf	9	SM	9	
-9.0 m	62.3 KPa	1302 psf	-9.0 m	62.3 KPa	1302 psf	5	SM	5	
-10.5 m	81.7 KPa	1707 psf	-10.5 m	81.7 KPa	1707 psf	9	SM	9	
-12.0 m	74.2 KPa	1552 psf	-12.0 m	74.2 KPa	1552 psf	8	SM	8	
-13.5 m			-13.5 m						
-15.0 m			-15.0 m						
-16.5 m			-16.5 m						
-18.0 m									
-19.5 m									
-21.0 m									
-22.50 m									

Soil Legend:

- CL-ML - Sandy Silty Clay
- SW - Well-graded Sand
- SW-SM - Well-graded Sand with silt
- SM - Silty Sand
- CORE Rock
- Silty, Clayey Sand
- ML - Sandy Silt
- SM - Silty Sand with
- MH - Sandy Elastic S
- GM - Silty Gravel wit

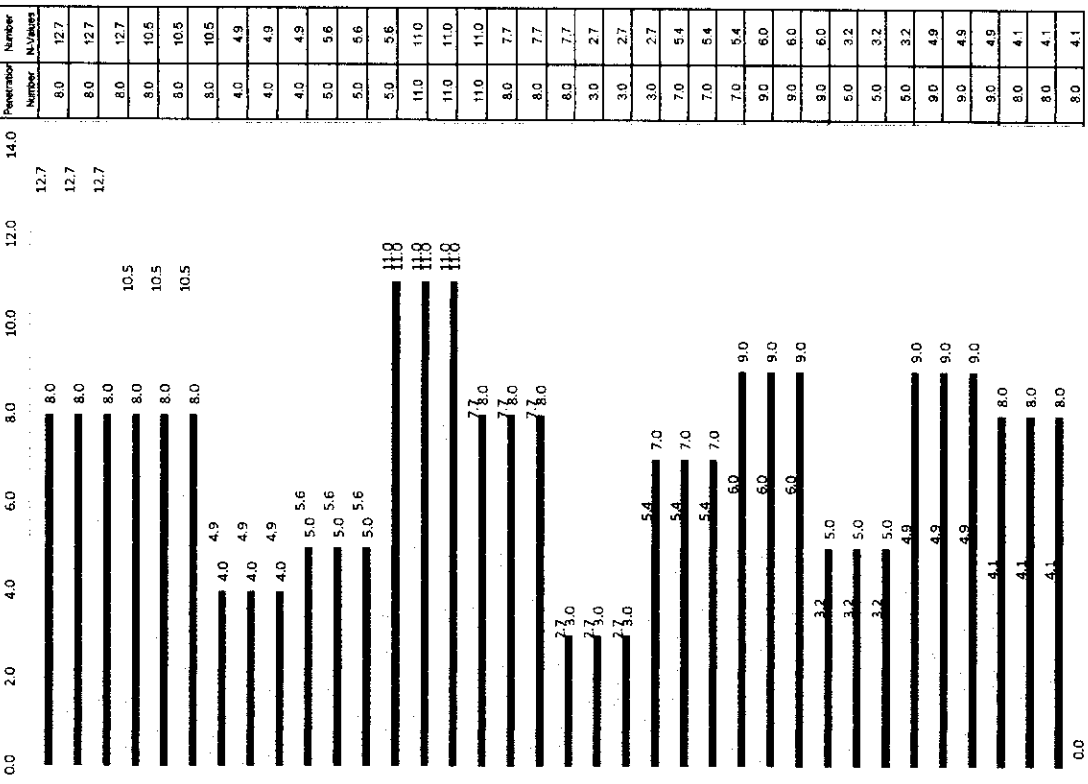
BORING LOG
 Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City

Name of Project :
 Location :
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 Ground Elevation : 0.0 (assumed value)

Type of Boring : Boring by Drilling Rig and SPT Split Sampler Date of Boring :

Sample No.	Group Sample	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit	Consistency or Compaction	USCS Symbol	Soil or Rock Description	GRAPH	SPT DEPTH (m.)	SPT Field measured Penetration Number	SPT Corrected Penetration Number	N-Values
SS1	GS-1	12.3%	23.2%	Loose	SC-SM	Silty, Clayey Sand Slightly plastic		0.00	8.0	12.7	8.0
		12.3%	23.2%	Loose				0.33	8.0	12.7	8.0
		12.3%	23.2%	Loose				0.50	8.0	12.7	8.0
SS2	GS-1	10.8%	23.2%	Loose	SC-SM	Silty, Clayey Sand Slightly plastic		0.66	8.0	10.5	8.0
		10.8%	23.2%	Loose				0.83	8.0	10.5	8.0
		10.8%	23.2%	Loose				1.00	8.0	10.5	8.0
SS3	GS-2	20.0%	0.0%	Very Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		1.17	4.0	4.9	4.0
		20.0%	0.0%	Very Loose				1.33	4.0	4.9	4.0
		20.0%	0.0%	Very Loose				1.50	4.0	4.9	4.0
SS4	GS-2	31.6%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		1.67	5.0	5.6	5.0
		31.6%	0.0%	Loose				1.83	5.0	5.6	5.0
		31.6%	0.0%	Loose				2.00	5.0	5.6	5.0
SS5	GS-2	18.7%	0.0%	Medium	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		2.17	11.0	11.0	11.0
		18.7%	0.0%	Medium				2.33	11.0	11.0	11.0
		18.7%	0.0%	Medium				2.50	11.0	11.0	11.0
SS6	GS-2	28.9%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		2.67	8.0	7.7	8.0
		28.9%	0.0%	Loose				2.84	8.0	7.7	8.0
		28.9%	0.0%	Loose				3.00	8.0	7.7	8.0
SS7	GS-2	23.5%	0.0%	Very Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		3.50	3.0	2.7	3.0
		23.5%	0.0%	Very Loose				4.00	3.0	2.7	3.0
		23.5%	0.0%	Very Loose				4.50	3.0	2.7	3.0
SS8	GS-2	26.9%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		5.00	7.0	5.4	7.0
		26.9%	0.0%	Loose				5.50	7.0	5.4	7.0
		26.9%	0.0%	Loose				6.00	7.0	5.4	7.0
SS9	GS-2	14.3%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		6.50	9.0	6.0	9.0
		14.3%	0.0%	Loose				7.00	9.0	6.0	9.0
		14.3%	0.0%	Loose				7.50	9.0	6.0	9.0
SS10	GS-2	29.2%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		8.00	5.0	3.2	5.0
		29.2%	0.0%	Loose				8.50	5.0	3.2	5.0
		29.2%	0.0%	Loose				9.00	5.0	3.2	5.0
SS11	GS-2	23.4%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		9.50	9.0	4.9	9.0
		23.4%	0.0%	Loose				10.00	9.0	4.9	9.0
		23.4%	0.0%	Loose				10.50	9.0	4.9	9.0
SS12	GS-2	21.6%	0.0%	Loose	SM	Silty Sand Non plastic		11.00	8.0	4.1	8.0
		21.6%	0.0%	Loose				11.50	8.0	4.1	8.0
		21.6%	0.0%	Loose				12.00	8.0	4.1	8.0

N - Values Diagram



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BORING LOG

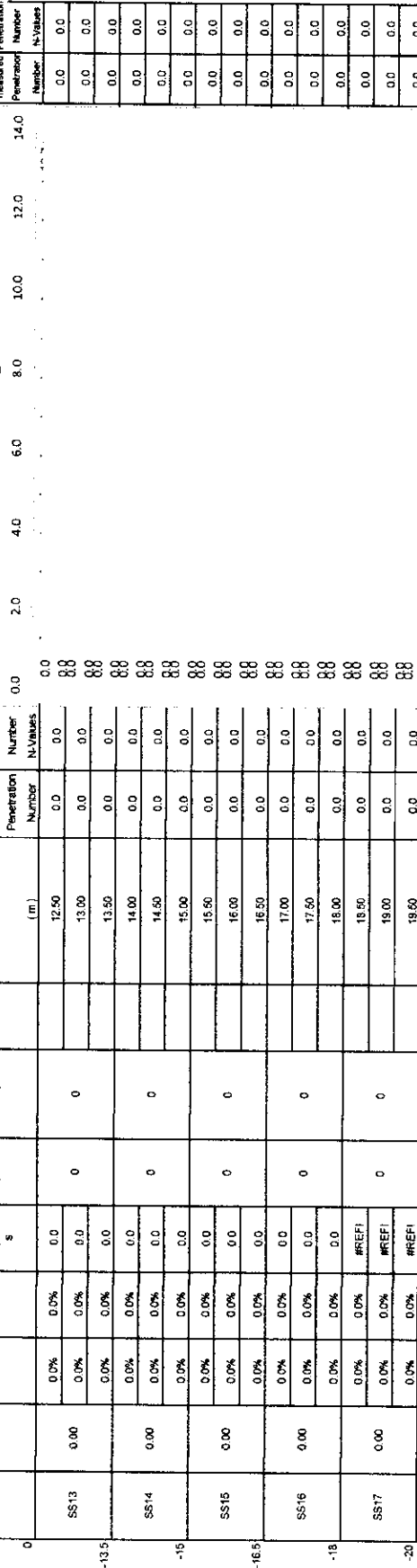
Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-380, Proposed 2 Storey SPLG Building Gov't Center
 Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City

Name of Project :
 Location :
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 Ground Elevation : 0.0 (assumed value)

Type of Boring : Boring by Drilling Rig and SPT Split Sampler Date of Boring :

Sample No.	Group Sample	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit	Consistency or Compaction	USCS Symbol	Soil or Rock Description	GRAPH	SPT DEPTH (m)	SPT		Series1		Series2	
									Field measured Penetration Number	Corrected Penetration N-Values	Field measured Penetration Number	Corrected Penetration N-Values		
SS13	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0		12.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
SS14	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0		14.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
SS15	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0		15.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
SS16	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0	0		17.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	0.0				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
SS17	0.00	0.0%	0.0%	#REF!	0	0		18.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
		0.0%	0.0%	#REF!				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	#REF!				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
		0.0%	0.0%	#REF!				19.50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

N - Values Diagram



Legend: SPT Field measured N-Values

SPT Corrected Values

CORING

Soil Description	Soil Classification
SC - Clayey SAND	SC - Clayey SAND with Gravel
CL - Lean CLAY with Sand	CL - Sandy Lean CLAY
SM - Silty Sand, Moderately Plastic fines	ML - Sandy SILT
Silty Clayey Sand	GM - Silt Gravel with Sand
	GM - Well-graded Gravel with Silt and Sand
	ML - Silt with Sand

STANDARD PENETRATION NUMBER (Blow/30.48mm)
 N - NO. SAMPLE
 NS - NOT APPLICABLE
 NA - NOT APPLICABLE
 NP - NON PLASTIC

SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE
 SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE
 CORE SAMPLE

LEGEND
 SS - SPLIT SPOON SAMPLE
 ST - SHELBY TUBE SAMPLE
 CS - CORE SAMPLE

GEOTECHNICAL DATA LOG (LABORATORY & CORRELATION)
 PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/IG Building Gov't C. SS
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020
 EXPLORED BY: LPRRA GEO-SOLUTIONS

Start _____
 Finish: _____

BOREHOLE NO. 1

FIELD DATA LOG

LABORATORY DATA LOG

DEPTH (m)	SAMPLE No.	LENGTH OF SAMPLE	GROUP SAMPLE	Standard Penetration Test - Number of Blows		UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION(S)	GRAIN SIZE % R. RETAINED	GRAIN SIZE % PASSING	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS % COARSE			Coefficient of Gradation C _u	Liquid Limit LL %	Plastic Limit PL %	Plastic Index from Test P (Pie 73(L)-20)	Plastic Index from Test U (Pie 80(L)-10)	Water Content %	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)
				Measured in Values	Measured in Values				S ₆₀	S ₄₀	S ₂₀							
0.0-0.5	SS1	23.00	GS-1	2	3	5	8	12.7	32.7%	34.6%	3.5	18.26	23.2%	18.8%	2.30%	13.64%	12.31%	16.44
0.5-1.0	SS2	28.00	GS-1	6	5	3	8	10.5	32.7%	34.6%	3.5	18.26	23.2%	18.8%	2.30%	13.64%	10.76%	15.67
1.0-1.5	SS3	22.00	GS-2	2	2	2	4	4.8	37.4%	25.3%	19.0		0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	20.04%	14.73
1.5-2.0	SS4	50.00	GS-2	2	2	3	5	5.6	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	18.26	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	31.42%	14.92
2.0-2.5	SS5	34.00	GS-2	5	5	6	11	11.0	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	18.26	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	18.72%	17.46
2.5-3.0	SS6	41.00	GS-2	5	4	4	8	7.7	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	18.26	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	28.85%	18.14
3.0-4.5	SS7	50.00	GS-2	1	1	2	3	2.7	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	18.26	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	23.50%	16.09
4.5-6.0	SS8	50.00	GS-2	3	3	4	7	5.4	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	18.26	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	26.88%	17.39
6.0-7.5	SS9	50.00	GS-2	4	4	5	9	6.0	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	20.45	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	14.30%	17.77
7.5-9.0	SS10	50.00	GS-2	2	2	3	5	3.2	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	20.45	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	29.17%	18.80
9.0-10.5	SS11	50.00	GS-2	4	4	5	9	4.8	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	20.46	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	23.38%	17.66
10.5-12.0	SS12	50.00	GS-2	4	4	4	6	4.1	37.4%	25.3%	19.0	20.45	0.0%	0.0%	NP	NP	21.64%	17.39
12.0-13.5	SS13																	
13.5-15.0	SS14																	
15.0-16.5	SS15																	
16.5-18.0	SS16																	
18.0-20.0	SS17																	

SC-SM	16	2	6.0
SM	69	10	6.8

65 12.0 7.1

GEOTECHNICAL DATA LOG (LABORATORY & CORRELATION)
 Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPILG Building Gov't Center
 Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 8/20/2020
 EXPLORED BY: LIRA GEO-SOLUTIONS

BOREHOLE NO. 1

COMPUTED VALUES BY CORRELATION												
DEPTH (m)	SPT NUMBER N ₆₀	USCS Symbols	For Granular Soil ϕ from Moisture Content & Plasticity Limits (ASTM D 2875, 1975 & Modified ASTM D 2875, 1975) (Terzaghi & Peck 1966)	For Coarse Grained Soil ϕ from Plasticity Limits Correlation	Typical Value ϕ from ASTM D 2875 R 1975	Representative Values for Soil Type ϕ Angle of Internal Friction	For Clay Soil C_u from (Terzaghi, 1971), (Holtz, 1971)	For Fine-Grained Soil C_u from NAVFAC DM 7.01	Typical Values C_u from ASTM D 1586 & BS 8177-1975 Compressive Strength	Representative Values for Soil Type C_u Compressive Strength	Final Field Soil MOISTURE CONTENT	Relative Soil Compressibility
0.0-0.5	8	SC-SM		29.20	30	31			29	29		Loose
0.5-1.0	8	SC-SM		29.20	30	31			29	29		Loose
1.0-1.5	4	SM		27.50	28	28			22	22		Very Loose
1.5-2.0	5	SM		28.00	28	28			23	23		Loose
2.0-2.5	11	SM		30.50	29	31			27	27		Medium
2.5-3.0	8	SM		29.20	28	30			25	25		Loose
3.0-4.5	3	SM		27.00	27	27			22	22		Very Loose
4.5-6.0	7	SM		28.80	28	28			24	24		Loose
6.0-7.5	9	SM		29.60	28	29			25	25		Loose
7.5-9.0	5	SM		28.00	28	27			23	23		Loose
9.0-10.5	9	SM		29.60	28	28			25	25		Loose
10.5-12.0	8	SM		29.20	28	28			25	25		Loose
16.7	12.00		26.00					6.58				
					SC-SM SM	31 285	2	15.5 28.5	SC-SM SM	29 241	Very Soft 2 10	Very Loose 14.3 24.1

WATER CONTENT

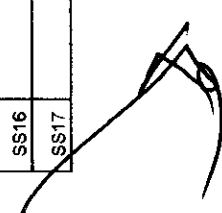
PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020
 TESTING BY : LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS

UNIT WEIGHT OF SOIL

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020
 TESTING BY : LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS

BOREHOLE NO. 1

Sample	Start:												Ave. Unit Weight of Soil (γ) (KN/m ³)				
	WT. of Empty Can (grams)	WT. of Wet Sample plus Can (grams)	WT. of Dry Sample plus Can (grams)	WT. of Water (grams)	WT. of Dry Sample (grams)	Water Content w. %	SYMBOL	GROUP SAMPLE	N-value	Length (cm)	Volume (m ³)	Total Wt. Soil plus Can (grams)		Empty Can of Empty Can (grams)	Wt. of soil (KN)	UNIT Weight of Soil (γ) - Calculated (KN/m ³)	Unit Weight of Soil (γ) - from Table (KN/m ³)
SS1	8.70	63.24	57.26	5.96	48.56	12.31%	SC-SM	GS-1	8	23.00	0.00026	448.94	8.89	0.00432	16.54	16.33	16.44
SS2	8.89	47.19	43.47	3.72	34.58	10.76%	SC-SM	GS-1	8	28.00	0.00032	494.44	8.61	0.00476	15.00	16.33	16.67
SS3	8.78	61.50	52.70	8.80	43.92	20.04%	SM	GS-2	4	22.00	0.00025	605.94	8.40	0.00596	15.27	14.20	14.73
SS4	8.76	54.21	43.29	10.92	34.53	31.62%	SM	GS-2	5	50.00	0.00057	866.94	9.01	0.00841	14.84	15.00	14.92
SS5	8.83	61.59	53.27	8.32	44.44	18.72%	SM	GS-2	11	34.00	0.00039	707.94	8.77	0.00686	17.78	17.13	17.46
SS6	8.48	57.38	46.43	10.95	37.95	28.85%	SM	GS-2	8	41.00	0.00046	953.94	8.64	0.00927	19.94	16.33	18.14
SS7	8.90	76.07	63.29	12.78	54.39	23.50%	SM	GS-2	3	50.00	0.00057	1094.94	9.01	0.01065	18.78	13.40	16.09
SS8	8.74	50.80	41.89	8.91	33.15	26.88%	SM	GS-2	7	50.00	0.00057	1114.94	9.30	0.01084	19.12	15.67	17.39
SS9	8.60	64.48	57.49	6.99	48.89	14.30%	SM	GS-2	9	50.00	0.00057	1080.94	8.81	0.01051	18.54	17.00	17.77
SS10	8.64	56.73	45.87	10.86	37.23	29.17%	SM	GS-2	5	50.00	0.00057	1095.44	8.74	0.01066	18.79	15.00	16.90
SS11	8.60	62.99	52.69	10.30	44.09	23.36%	SM	GS-2	9	50.00	0.00057	1067.94	8.80	0.01039	18.32	17.00	17.66
SS12	8.84	53.07	45.20	7.87	36.36	21.64%	SM	GS-2	8	50.00	0.00057	1075.44	8.80	0.01046	18.45	16.33	17.39
SS13																	
SS14																	
SS15																	
SS16																	
SS17																	



ATTERBERG LIMITS TESTS

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPLG Building Gov't Center
LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
SAMPLE NO.: GS-1 BH-1

Can Description	LL1 (grams)	LL2 (grams)	LL3 (grams)	LL4 (grams)
Mass of Wet Soil + Can	11.93	11.62	11.68	
Mass of Dry Soil + Can	11.33	11.02	11.06	8.59
Mass of Can	8.78	8.59	8.70	-8.59
Mass of Dry Soil, Ws	2.55	2.43	2.36	0.00
Mass of Moisture, Ww	0.60	0.61	0.62	0.00
No. of Blows, N	23	18	12	
Water Content, w(%)	23.53%	25.10%	26.27%	0.00%
	0.2353	0.2510	0.2627	0.0000

$L_{ave} = \frac{1}{3} = 24.97\%$

COMPUTATION :

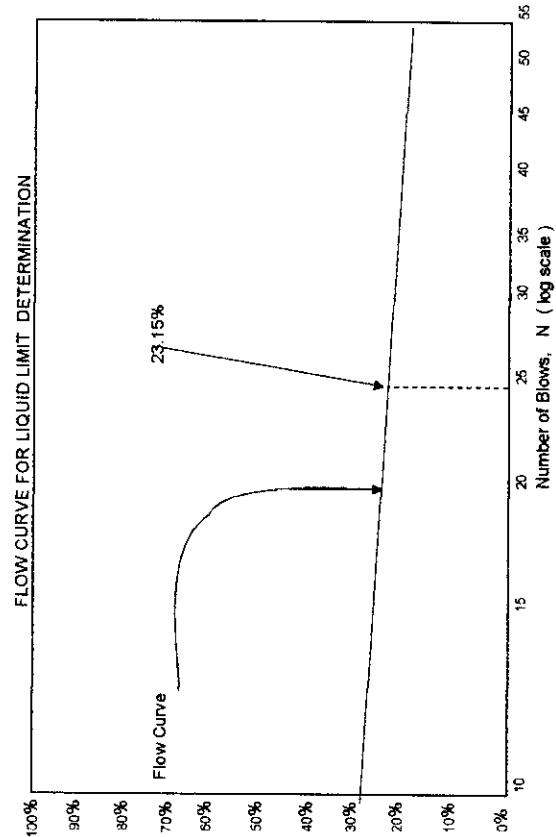
Flow Index:

Equation of Flow Line:

$w = -i_e \log(25/N1) + w1$

$i_{F1} = 0.1478$
 $i_{F2} = 0.0663$
 $i_{F3} = 0.0970$
 $i_{ave} = 0.10373$

$w1 = 23.53\%$
 $N1 = 23$
 $w @ 25 = 23.15\%$
 Liquid Limit @ 25 Blows = 23.15%



Liquid Limit, LL = 23.16%
 Plastic Limit, PL = 19.90%
 Plasticity Index, PI = 3.26%

PLASTIC LIMIT

Can Description	PL1 (grams)	PL2 (grams)	PL3 (grams)	PL4 (grams)
Mass of Wet Soil + Can	11.62	11.51	11.52	
Mass of Dry Soil + Can	11.13	11.09	11.06	8.80
Mass of Can	8.61	8.96	8.82	-8.80
Mass of Dry Soil	2.52	2.13	2.24	0.00
Mass of Moisture	0.49	0.42	0.46	0.00%
Water Content, w(%)	19.44%	19.72%	20.54%	
	0.1944	0.1972	0.2054	

$W_{ave} = 19.90\%$

GS-2 BH-1

SAMPLE NO.:

LIQUID LIMIT

Can Description	LL1 (grams)	LL2 (grams)	LL3 (grams)	LL4 (grams)
Mass of Wet Soil + Can	8.72	8.68	8.51	8.89
Mass of Dry Soil + Can	-8.72	-8.68	-8.51	-8.89
Mass of Can	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mass of Dry Soil, Ws	18	14	19	9
Mass of Moisture, Ww	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
No. of Blows, N	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Water Content, w(%)				

LL_{ave} = 3

COMPUTATION :

Flow Index:

Flow Index, $I_f = \frac{(w_1 - w_2)}{\log(N_2/N_1)}$

$I_{f1} = 0.0000$

$I_{f2} = 0.0000$

$I_{f3} = 0.0000$

$I_{ave} = 0.00000$

Equation of Flow Line:

$W = -I_f \log(25/N_1) + W_1$

$W_1 = 0.00\%$

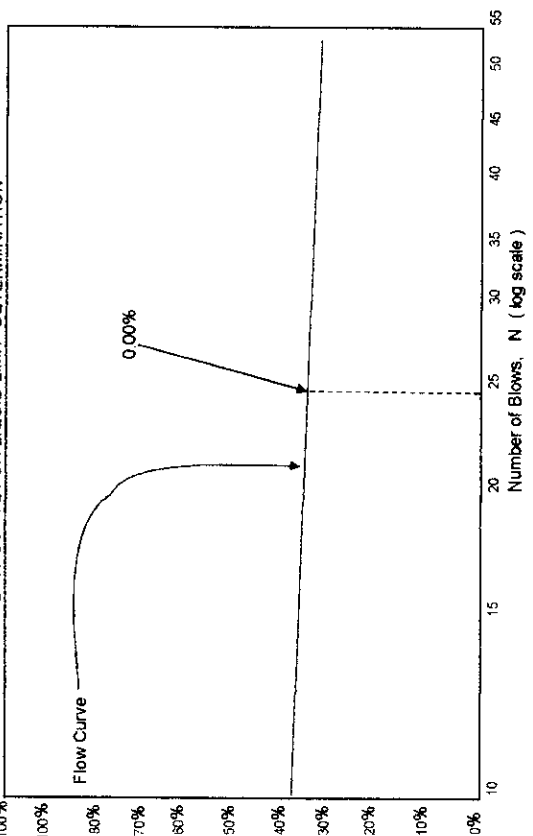
$N_1 = 18$

$w @ 25 = 0.00\%$

Liquid Limit @ 25 Blows = 0.00%

3

FLOW CURVE FOR LIQUID LIMIT DETERMINATION



Liquid Limit, LL = 0.00% NON PLASTIC

Plastic Limit, PL = 0.00% NON PLASTIC

Plasticity Index, PI = 0.00% NON PLASTIC

PLASTIC LIMIT

Can Description	PL1 (grams)	PL2 (grams)	PL3 (grams)	PL4 (grams)
Mass of Wet Soil + Can	9.14	8.60	8.77	9.13
Mass of Dry Soil + Can	-9.14	-8.60	-8.77	-9.13
Mass of Can	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mass of Dry Soil	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Mass of Moisture				
Water Content, w(%)				

W_{ave} = 0.00%

PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS (ASTM D422)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020
 EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS

SAMPLE NO. BH-1
PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION : GS-1
WT. OF UNWASHED SAMPLE+CAN 337.00 Grams
WT. OF WASHED SAMPLE+CAN 230.00 Grams
WT. OF CAN 25.00 Grams
WT. OF UNWASHED SAMPLE 312.00 Grams
WT. OF WASHED SAMPLE 205.00 Grams
LOOSSES : By Weight 107.00

Sieve No.	Sieve Size mm	Weight of Empty Sieve gms	Weight of Sieve+ Soil Retained gms	Weight retained %	WT. Passing gms	CUMULATIVE Passing %	Retained %	REMARKS
1-1/2"	37.500			0.000%	312.000	100.000%	0.000%	Gravel
1"	25.400			0.000%	312.000	100.000%	0.000%	Gravel
3/4"	19.050			0.000%	312.000	100.000%	0.000%	Gravel
1/2"	12.700			0.000%	312.000	100.000%	0.000%	Gravel
3/8"	9.530			0.000%	312.000	100.000%	0.000%	Gravel
# 4	4.750	507.0	552.0	14.423%	267.000	85.58%	14.42%	Gravel
# 8	2.360	482.0	504.5	7.212%	244.500	78.37%	21.63%	Sand
# 10	2.000	408.0	430.0	7.051%	222.500	71.31%	28.69%	Sand
# 16	1.180	408.0	430.0	7.051%	222.500	71.31%	28.69%	Sand
# 20	0.840	408.0	430.0	7.051%	222.500	71.31%	28.69%	Sand
# 30	0.590	408.0	430.0	7.051%	222.500	71.31%	28.69%	Sand
# 40	0.420	382.5	410.0	8.814%	195.000	62.50%	37.50%	Sand
# 50	0.297	366.0	395.0	9.295%	166.000	53.21%	46.79%	Sand
# 60	0.250	342.5	374.0	10.956%	134.500	43.11%	56.89%	Sand
# 100	0.149	359.5	406.0	14.423%	0.000	0.000%	100.00%	Silt & Clay
# 200	0.074	405.0	406.0	14.423%	0.000	0.000%	100.00%	Silt & Clay
PAN	0.001	405.0	406.0	14.423%	0.000	0.000%	100.00%	Silt & Clay
Wash Passing								
No. 200			205.0					
Total Weight			205.0					

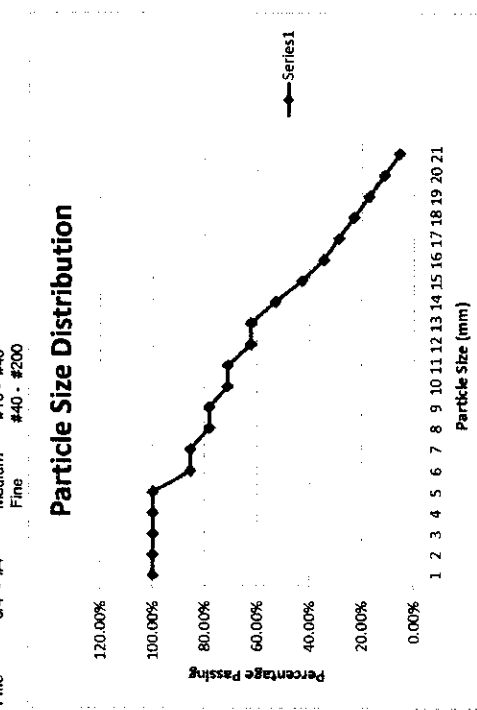
GRAIN SIZE DIAMETERS $D_{10} = 0.02209$ mm $D_{30} = 0.06427$ mm $D_{60} = 0.40324$ mm

$x_1 =$	D_{10}	D_{30}	D_{60}
$x_2 =$	0.001	0.001	0.001
$x_3 =$	0.074	0.074	0.420

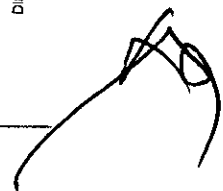
Diameter = 0.02208888 0.06426667 0.40324

$y_1 =$	D_{10}	D_{30}	D_{60}
$y_2 =$	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
$y_3 =$	10.00%	34.62%	62.50%

100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%

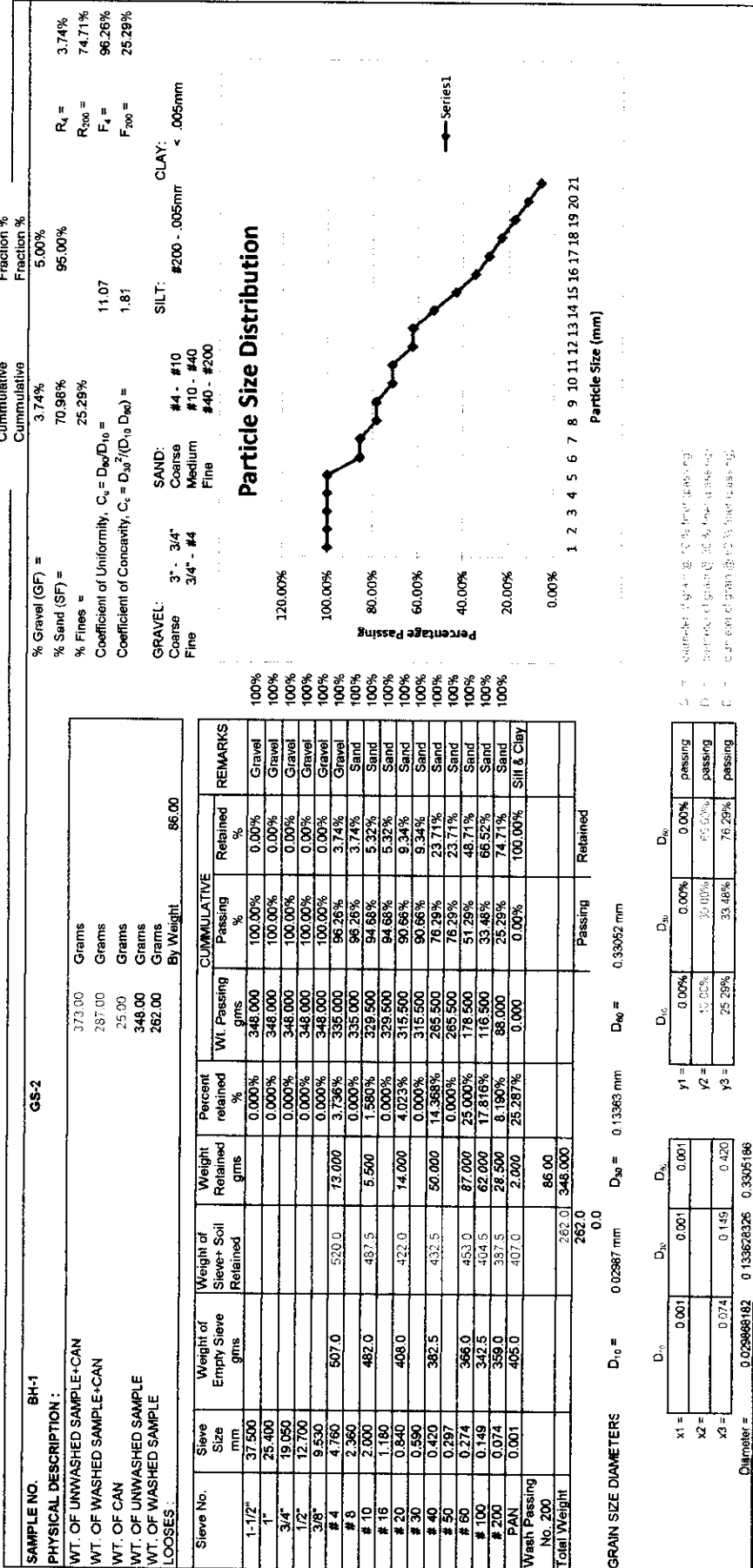


% Gravel (GF) = 14.42% **Fraction %** 22.06%
% Sand (SF) = 50.96% **77.94%**
% Fines = 34.62%
Coefficient of Uniformity, $C_u = D_{60}/D_{10} =$ 18.26
Coefficient of Concavity, $C_c = D_{30}^2/(D_{10} D_{60}) =$ 0.46
CLAY: #200 - #005mm < 0.005mm
SILT: #40 - #200
SAND: #4 - #10
GRAVEL: Coarse #10 - #40
 Medium #40 - #200
 Fine #200 - #40



PARTICLE SIZE ANALYSIS (ASTM D422)

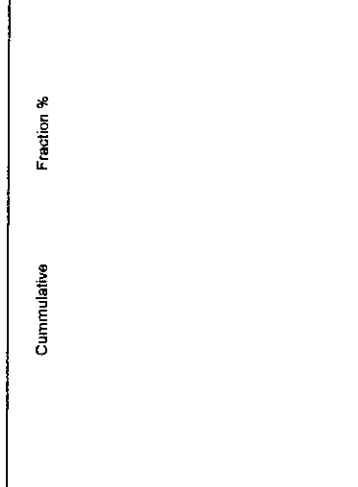
PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPILG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION : Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE : 9/20/2020
 EXPLORED BY : LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS



GRAIN SIZE DIAMETERS D₁₀ = 0.02987 mm D₃₀ = 0.13683 mm D₆₀ = 0.30652 mm

GRAIN SIZE DIAMETERS D₁₀ = 0.001 mm D₃₀ = 0.074 mm D₆₀ = 0.420 mm

GRAIN SIZE DIAMETERS D₁₀ = 0.00% D₃₀ = 33.00% D₆₀ = 76.29%



GRAVEL: Coarse 3" - 3/4" Fine 3/4" - #4
SAND: #4 - #10 Coarse #10 - #40 Medium #40 - #200 Fine
SILT: #200 - .005mm < .005mm
CLAY: < .005mm

GRAVEL (GF) = 3.74%
% Sand (SF) = 70.98%
% Fines = 25.29%

Coefficient of Uniformity, C_u = D₆₀/D₁₀ = 11.07
Coefficient of Concavity, C_c = D₃₀² / (D₁₀ D₆₀) = 1.81

Cummulative Fraction %
 5.00%
 3.74%
 70.98%
 95.00%

Fraction %
 3.74%
 74.71%
 96.26%
 25.29%

Meyerhof Bearing Capacity Calculation for Shallow Foundation by Direct SPT No. and Skempton Bearing Capacity (1951)

ORIGIN=1

Project: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal Bo. 20-330 Proposed 2 Storey SP/ Legis Building
Location: Davso del Norte Provincial Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
Borehole no. 1

Definition :

- N - SPT blows
- D - Depth (meters)
- s - Footing Settlement (mm)
- N - measured penetration number
- N60 - standard penetration number corrected to field conditions with 60
- N160 - value of N60 corrected to standard value of σ'_v with $p_a = 100 \text{ KPa} \ \& \ 2000 \text{ psf}$
- η_h - hammer efficiency (%)
- η_b - correction for boreholes diameter
- η_s - sampler correction
- η_r - correction for a rod length
- D - Depth (meters)
- s - Footing Settlement (mm)
- γ - unit weighth of soil (KN/m³)

INPUT BORING DATA:

N :=	8	D :=	0.5	$\gamma :=$	16.33		
	8		1.0		16.33		
	4		1.5		14.20		$\eta_h := 45$
	5		2.0		15		
	11		2.5		17.13		$\eta_b := 1$
	8		3.0		16.33		$\eta_s := 1$
	3		4.5		13.40		
	7		6.0		15.67		$\eta_r := 1$
	9		7.5		17		
	5		9.0		15		
	9		10.5		17		
	8		12.0		16.33		

iter := 12 i := 1.. iter

Compute the Standard Penetration Number

$$N60_i := \frac{N_i \cdot \eta_h \cdot \eta_b \cdot \eta_s \cdot \eta_r}{60}$$

Suggested by STROUD for insensitive Clay (1974)

$K := 4.4 \quad \text{KN/m}^2 \quad \text{cu1}_i := K \cdot N60_i \quad \text{KN/m}^2$

Suggested by HARA et al for Clay(1971)

$K := 29 \quad \text{KN/m}^2$

$$N60c_i := \left[(N60_i)^{.72} \right]$$

$\text{cu2}_i := K \cdot N60c_i \quad \text{KN/m}^2$



Suggested by LIAO & WHITMAN Relationship for Granular Soil(1986)

$$p_a := 100 \quad \text{KN/m}^2$$

Cn = correction factor for overburden

$$\sigma'_1 := \gamma_1 \cdot D_1 \quad C_{n_1} := \left[\frac{1}{\left(\frac{\sigma'_1}{p_a} \right)} \right]^{.5} \quad N1'60a_1 := C_{n_1} \cdot N60_1$$

Suggested by Skempton's for Granular Soil(1986)

$$p_a := 100 \quad \text{KN/m}^2$$

Cn = correction factor for overburden

$$C_{n_1} := \left[\frac{2}{\left(1 + \frac{\sigma'_1}{p_a} \right)} \right] \quad N1'60b_1 := C_{n_1} \cdot N60_1$$

Suggested by Seed et al for Granular Soil(1975)

$$p_a := 100 \quad \text{KN/m}^2$$

Cn = correction factor for overburden

$$C_{n_1} := 1 - 1.25 \cdot \log \left(\frac{\sigma'_1}{p_a} \right) \quad N1'60c_1 := C_{n_1} \cdot N60_1$$

Suggested by Peck et al for Granular Soil(1974)

$$p_a := 100 \quad \text{KN/m}^2$$

Cn = correction factor for overburden

$$C_{n_1} := .77 \cdot \log \left[\frac{20}{\left(\frac{\sigma'_1}{p_a} \right)} \right] \quad N1'60d_1 := C_{n_1} \cdot N60_1$$

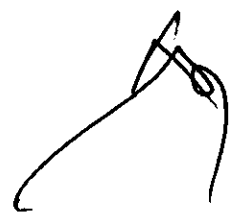
$$N^T = [8 \quad 8 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 11 \quad 8 \quad 3 \quad 7 \quad 9 \quad 5 \quad 9 \quad 8]$$

$$N60^T = [6 \quad 6 \quad 3 \quad 3.8 \quad 8.3 \quad 6 \quad 2.3 \quad 5.3 \quad 6.8 \quad 3.8 \quad 6.8 \quad 6]$$

$$N1'60a^T = [21 \quad 14.8 \quad 6.5 \quad 6.8 \quad 12.6 \quad 8.6 \quad 2.9 \quad 5.4 \quad 6 \quad 3.2 \quad 5.1]$$

$$N1'60b^T = [11.1 \quad 10.3 \quad 4.9 \quad 5.8 \quad 11.6 \quad 8.1 \quad 2.8 \quad 5.4 \quad 5.9 \quad 3.2 \quad 4.8]$$

$$N1'60c^T = [14.2 \quad 11.9 \quad 5.5 \quad 6.2 \quad 12 \quad 8.3 \quad 2.9 \quad 5.4 \quad 5.9 \quad 3.1 \quad 4.6]$$



$$N1'60d^T = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 9.6 & 4.6 & 5.3 & 10.6 & 7.4 & 2.6 & 5.4 & 6.2 & 3.4 & 5.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N1'60ave_i = \frac{(N1'60a_i + N1'60b_i + N1'60c_i + N1'60d_i)}{4}$$

$$N1'60ave^T = \begin{bmatrix} 14.3 & 11.7 & 5.4 & 6 & 11.7 & 8.1 & 2.8 & 5.4 & 6 & 3.2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N1'60min_i = \min \begin{bmatrix} N1'60a_i \\ N1'60b_i \\ N1'60c_i \\ N1'60d_i \\ N60_i \end{bmatrix} \quad N1'60_i = \frac{((N1'60ave_i \cdot 4 + N1'60min_i \cdot 1))}{5}$$

$$N1'60min^T = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 6 & 3 & 3.8 & 8.3 & 6 & 2.3 & 5.3 & 5.9 & 3.1 & 4.6 & 3.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N^T = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 8 & 4 & 5 & 11 & 8 & 3 & 7 & 9 & 5 & 9 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N1'60^T = \begin{bmatrix} 12.7 & 10.5 & 4.9 & 5.6 & 11 & 7.7 & 2.7 & 5.4 & 6 & 3.2 & 4.9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Suggested by Peck, Hanson and Thornburn, Wolf (1989) page 83- B.Das-Foundation Eng'g 5th

$$\phi'_1 := 27.1 + .3 \cdot N1'60_i - .00054 \cdot (N1'60_i)^2$$

Suggested by Schmertmann (1975), Mayne & Kulhawy (1990) page 83-84 B.Das Foundation Engg 5th

$$a_i = \left[\frac{N1'60_i}{12.2 + 20.3 \cdot \left(\frac{\sigma'_{oi}}{pa} \right)} \right]^{0.34} \quad \phi'_2 = \text{atan}(a_i) \cdot \frac{180}{\pi}$$

Suggested by Hatanaka and Uchida (1996) page 84 - B.Das-Foundation Engg 5th

$$\phi'_3 := \sqrt{(20 \cdot N1'60_i)} + 20$$

$$cu1^T = \begin{bmatrix} 26.4 & 26.4 & 13.2 & 16.5 & 36.3 & 26.4 & 9.9 & 23.1 & 29.7 & 16.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$cu2^T = \begin{bmatrix} 105.4 & 105.4 & 64 & 75.1 & 132.5 & 105.4 & 52 & 95.7 & 114.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi^1^T = \begin{bmatrix} 30.8 & 30.2 & 28.6 & 28.8 & 30.3 & 29.4 & 27.9 & 28.7 & 28.9 & 28.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi^2^T = \begin{bmatrix} 44.1 & 41.2 & 33.5 & 33.7 & 38.8 & 34.9 & 25.3 & 28.8 & 28 & 23.1 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$\phi'3^T = \begin{bmatrix} 35.9 & 34.5 & 29.9 & 30.6 & 34.8 & 32.4 & 27.3 & 30.4 & 30.9 & 28 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$cu_{ave_i} = \frac{(cu1_i + cu2_i)}{2} \quad \phi'ave_i = \frac{(\phi'1_i + \phi'2_i + \phi'3_i)}{3}$$

$$cu_{ave}^T = \begin{bmatrix} 65.9 & 65.9 & 38.6 & 45.8 & 84.4 & 65.9 & 30.9 & 59.4 & 72.2 & 45.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi'ave^T = \begin{bmatrix} 36.9 & 35.3 & 30.7 & 31 & 34.7 & 32.2 & 26.8 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 26.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$cumin_i = \min \begin{bmatrix} cu1_i \\ cu2_i \end{bmatrix} \quad \phi'min_i = \min \begin{bmatrix} \phi'1_i \\ \phi'2_i \\ \phi'3_i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$cumin^T = \begin{bmatrix} 26.4 & 26.4 & 13.2 & 16.5 & 36.3 & 26.4 & 9.9 & 23.1 & 29.7 & 16.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi'min^T = \begin{bmatrix} 30.8 & 30.2 & 28.6 & 28.8 & 30.3 & 29.4 & 25.3 & 28.7 & 28 & 23.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$cu_i = \frac{(cu_{ave_i} \cdot 2 + cumin_i \cdot 1)}{3} \quad \phi'_i = \frac{(\phi'ave_i \cdot 3 + \phi'min_i \cdot 1)}{4}$$

$$cu^T = \begin{bmatrix} 52.7 & 52.7 & 30.1 & 36 & 68.4 & 52.7 & 23.9 & 47.3 & 58 & 36 & 58 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi'^T = \begin{bmatrix} 35.4 & 34 & 30.1 & 30.4 & 33.6 & 31.5 & 26.5 & 29.1 & 29 & 25.6 & 27 & 25.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$N1'60^T = \begin{bmatrix} 12.7 & 10.5 & 4.9 & 5.6 & 11 & 7.7 & 2.7 & 5.4 & 6 & 3.2 & 4.9 \end{bmatrix}$$

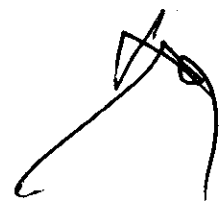
$$D^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 1 & 1.5 & 2 & 2.5 & 3 & 4.5 & 6 & 7.5 & 9 & 10.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n = 1..21 \quad i = 1..14 \quad Bo = .75 \quad B_n = Bo + .25 \cdot n$$

$$F1_n = .05 \cdot \frac{n}{n} \quad F2_n = .08 \cdot \frac{n}{n} \quad F3_n = .3 \cdot \frac{n}{n} \quad F4_n = 1.2 \cdot \frac{n}{n}$$

$$ni = 1 \quad N60cor = N1'60_{ni} \quad N60cor = 12.7 \quad D_{ni} = 0.5$$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left[\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right]$$



$$qa1'25_n := \frac{N60cor}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa2'25_n := \frac{N60cor}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa'25 := qa2'25 \quad qa'25_1 := qa1'25_1 \quad qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25} \quad qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$

1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3	3.3	3.5	3.8
---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----

$Kd^T =$

1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1	1
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	---

$qa'25^T =$

196.6	183.6	168.6	158.4	151	145.4	141.1	137.5	134.7
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$qa'40^T =$

314.6	293.8	269.8	253.4	241.6	232.7	225.7	220.1
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$qa'50^T =$

393.2	367.2	337.2	316.8	302	290.8	282.1	275.1	269.3
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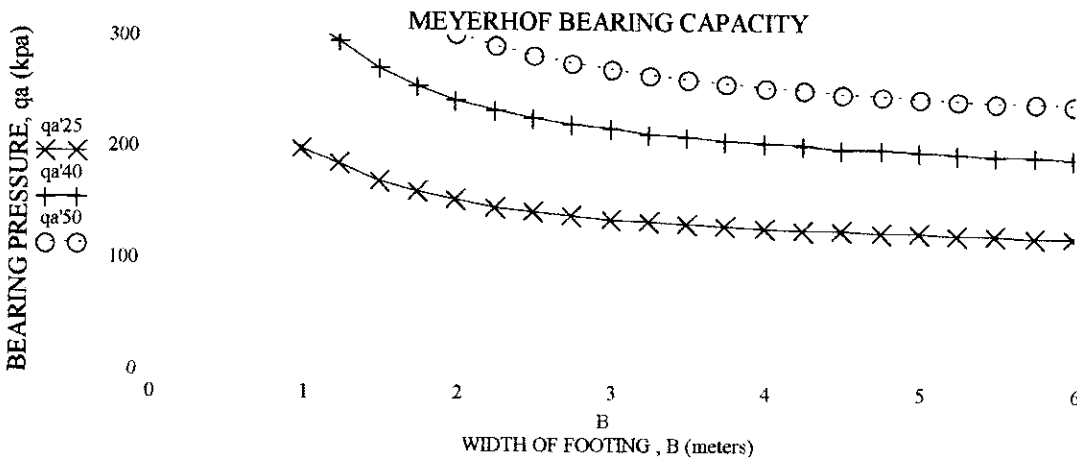
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in x's lines

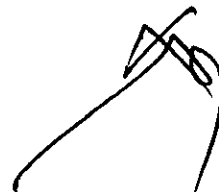
$N1'60_{ni} = 12.7$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 0.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$ni = 2$ $N60cor := N1'60_{ni}$ $N60cor = 10.5$ $D_{ni} = 1$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$



$$qa1'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa2'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa'25 := qa2'25 \quad qa'25_1 := qa1'25_1 \quad qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25} \quad qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$$B^T = [1 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.5 \quad 1.8 \quad 2 \quad 2.3 \quad 2.5 \quad 2.8 \quad 3 \quad 3.3 \quad 3.5 \quad 3.8]$$

$$Kd^T = [1.3 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.2 \quad 1.2 \quad 1.2 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1 \quad 1.1]$$

$$qa'25^T = [187 \quad 170.7 \quad 154.3 \quad 143.3 \quad 135.4 \quad 129.4 \quad 124.8 \quad 121 \quad 118]$$

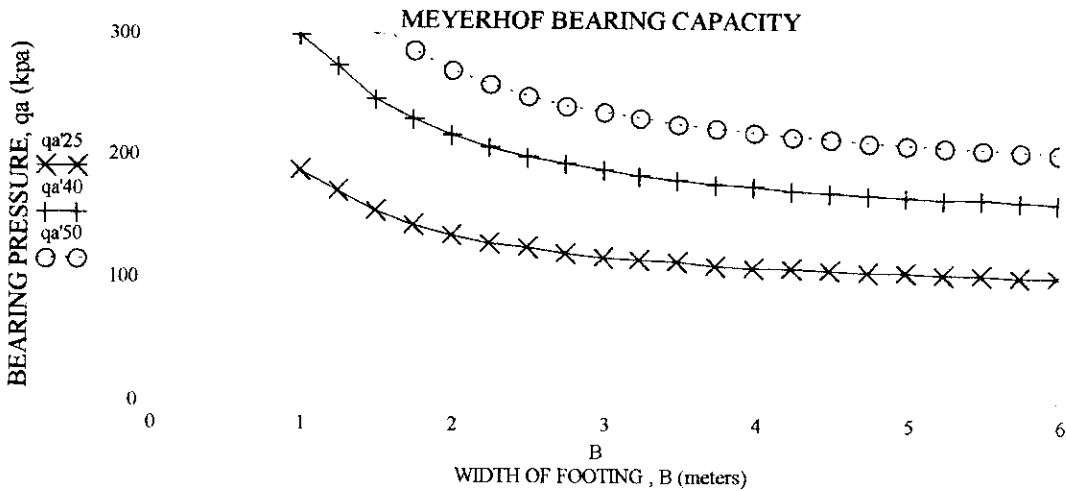
$$qa'40^T = [299.1 \quad 273.2 \quad 246.9 \quad 229.3 \quad 216.6 \quad 207 \quad 199.6 \quad 193.7 \quad 188.8]$$

$$qa'50^T = [373.9 \quad 341.5 \quad 308.7 \quad 286.6 \quad 270.7 \quad 258.8 \quad 249.5 \quad 242.1 \quad 236]$$

qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines
 qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +s lines
 qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in x's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 10.5$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 1$ Depth of Boring in meters



$$ni := 3 \quad N60cor := N1'60_{ni} \quad N60cor = 4.9 \quad D_{ni} = 1.5$$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left[\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right]$$

$$qa'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5} \quad qa'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa'25 = qa'25 \quad qa'25_1 = qa'25_1 \quad qa'40 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25} \quad qa'50 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [Redacted] 1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8

$Kd^T =$ [Redacted] 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.1 1.1

$qa'25^T =$ [Redacted] 87 83.6 78.3 71.9 67.4 64 61.4 59.3 57.6 56.2 55

$qa'40^T =$ [Redacted] 139.2 133.7 125.2 115.1 107.9 102.5 98.3 94.9 92.2

$qa'50^T =$ [Redacted] 173.9 167.2 156.5 143.9 134.9 128.1 122.8 118.6

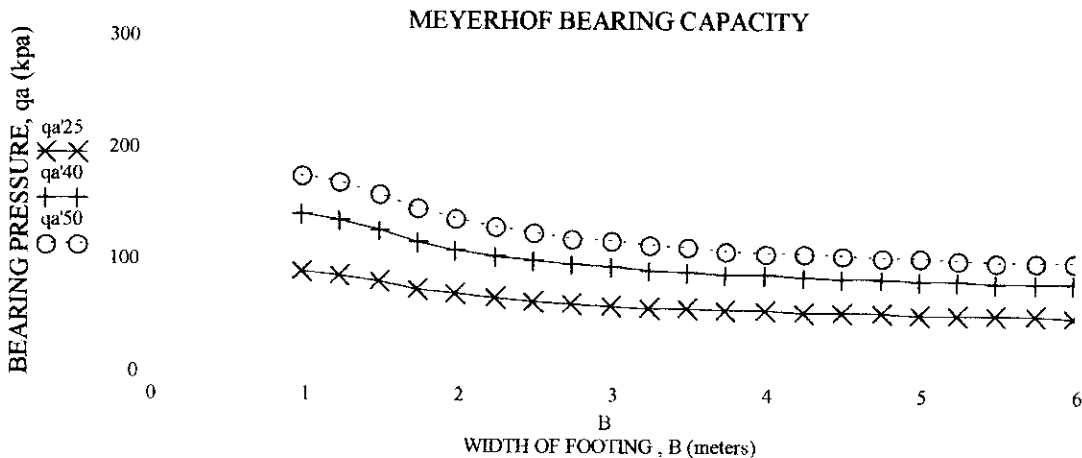
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 4.9$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 1.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$ni = 4$ $N60cor = N1'60_{ni}$ $N60cor = 5.6$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right) \quad D_{ni} = 2$$

$$qa1'25_n := \frac{N60cor \cdot Kd_n}{F1_n \cdot 1.5} \quad qa2'25_n := \frac{N60cor \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot Kd_n}{F2_n \cdot 1.5}$$

$$qa'25 = qa2'25 \quad qa'25_1 := qa1'25_1 \quad qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25} \quad qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8]

$Kd^T =$ [1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2]

$qa'25^T =$ [98.7 94.9 88.8 84.7 81.6 77.1 73.6 70.8 68.5 66.6]

$qa'40^T =$ [157.9 151.8 142.2 135.5 130.6 123.3 117.7 113.2]

$qa'50^T =$ [197.4 189.7 177.7 169.3 163.2 154.1 147.1 141.5 137]

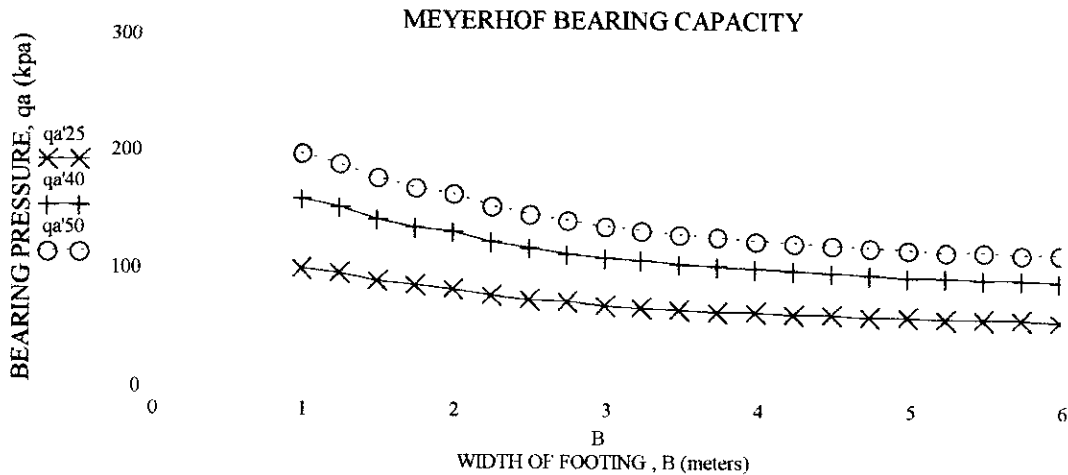
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 5.6$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 2$ Depth of Boring in meters



$ni = 5$

$N60cor = N1'60_{ni} \quad N60cor = 11$

$D = 2.5$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa1'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa2'25_n = \frac{N60cor}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa'25 := qa2'25 \quad qa'25_l := qa1'25_l \quad qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25} \quad qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$

1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3	3.3	3.5	3.8
---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----

$Kd^T =$

1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

$qa'25^T =$

195.3	187.7	175.8	167.5	161.4	156.8	153.1	146.8
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$qa'40^T =$

312.5	300.3	281.2	268	258.3	250.8	245	234.8	226.5
-------	-------	-------	-----	-------	-------	-----	-------	-------

$qa'50^T =$

390.6	375.3	351.5	335	322.8	313.5	306.2	293.5	283.2
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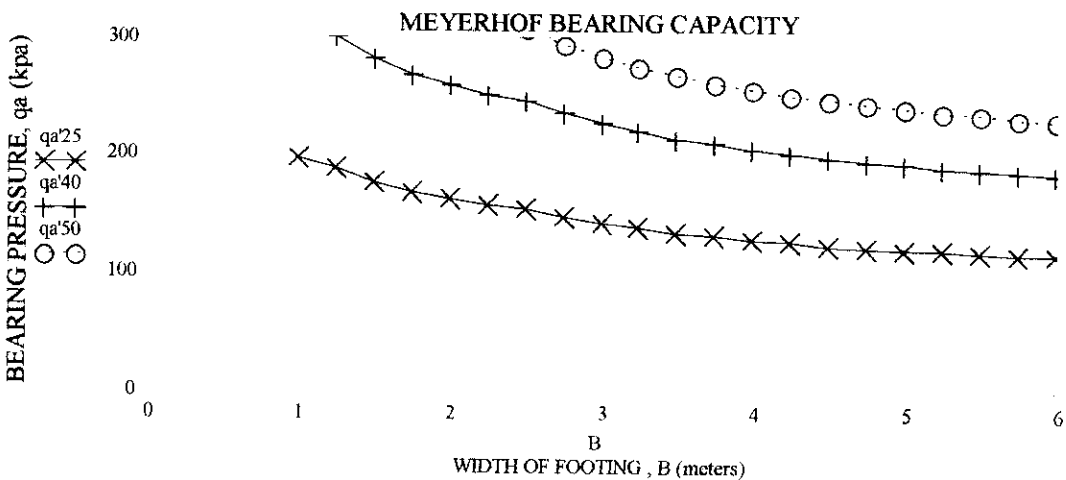
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in x's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 11$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 2.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i = 6$ $N_{60cor} := N_{60}_{ni}$ $N_{60cor} = 7.7$ $D_{ni} = 3$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa'_{25}_n := \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot Kd_n}{F1_n \cdot 1.5} \quad qa'_{25}_n := \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot Kd_n}{F2_n \cdot 1.5}$$

$qa'_{25} := qa'_{25}$ $qa'_{25}_1 := qa'_{25}_1$ $qa'_{40} := qa'_{25} \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'_{50} := qa'_{25} \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [Redacted] 1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8 [Redacted]

$Kd^T =$ [Redacted] 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 [Redacted]

$qa'_{25}^T =$ [Redacted] 136.2 130.9 122.6 116.8 112.6 109.3 106.8 104.7 103 [Redacted]

$qa'_{40}^T =$ [Redacted] 217.9 209.4 196.1 186.9 180.1 174.9 170.8 167.5 [Redacted]

$qa'_{50}^T =$ [Redacted] 272.3 261.7 245.1 233.6 225.1 218.6 213.5 209.4 206 [Redacted]

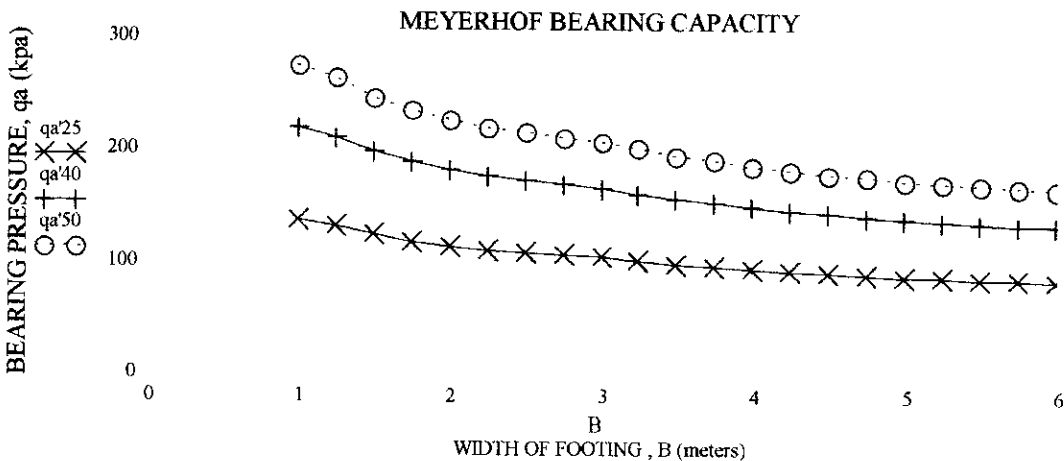
qa'_{25} = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'_{40} = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'_{50} = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in x's lines

$N_{60}_{ni} = 7.7$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 3$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i := 7$ $N60_{cor} = N1'60_{ni}$ $N60_{cor} = 2.7$ $D_{ni} = 4.5$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa1'25_n := \frac{N60_{cor}}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa2'25_n := \frac{N60_{cor}}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$qa'25 = qa2'25$ $qa'25_1 = qa1'25_1$ $qa'40 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'50 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8]

$Kd^T =$ [1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3]

$qa'25^T =$ [47.7 45.9 43 40.9 39.5 38.3 37.4 36.7 36.1 35.6]

$qa'40^T =$ [76.4 73.4 68.7 65.5 63.1 61.3 59.9 58.7 57.8 56.9]

$qa'50^T =$ [95.5 91.7 85.9 81.9 78.9 76.6 74.8 73.4 72.2 71.2]

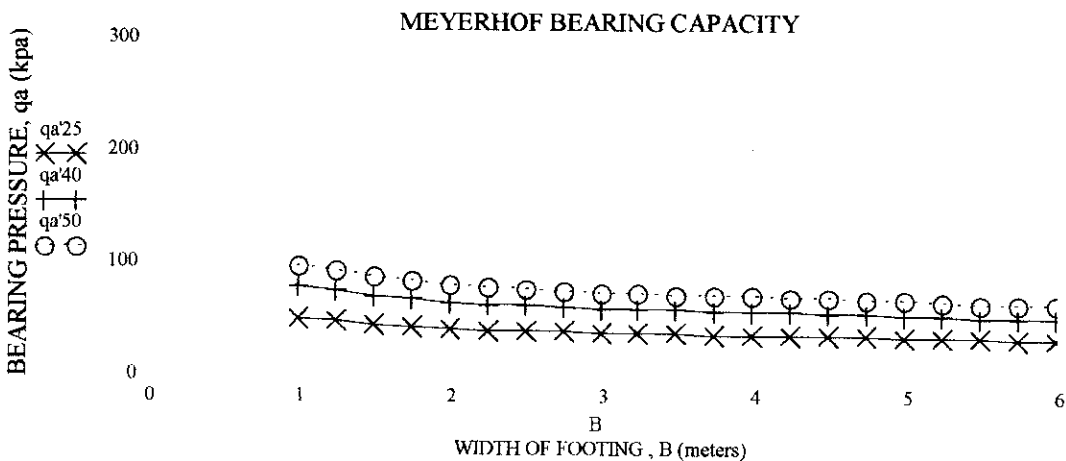
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 2.7$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 4.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i := 8$ $N1'60_{ni} := N1'60_{ni}$ $N60cor = 5.4$ $D_{ni} = 6$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left[\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right]$$

$$qa1'25_n := \frac{N60cor}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5} \quad qa2'25_n := \frac{N60cor}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$qa'25 := qa2'25$ $qa'25_l := qa1'25_l$ $qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8]

$Kd^T =$ [1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3]

$qa'25^T =$ [95.3 91.6 85.8 81.7 78.8 76.5 74.7 73.3 72.1 71.1]

$qa'40^T =$ [152.5 146.5 137.2 130.8 126 122.4 119.5 117.2 115.3]

$qa'50^T =$ [190.6 183.2 171.5 163.5 157.5 153 149.4 146.5 144.1]

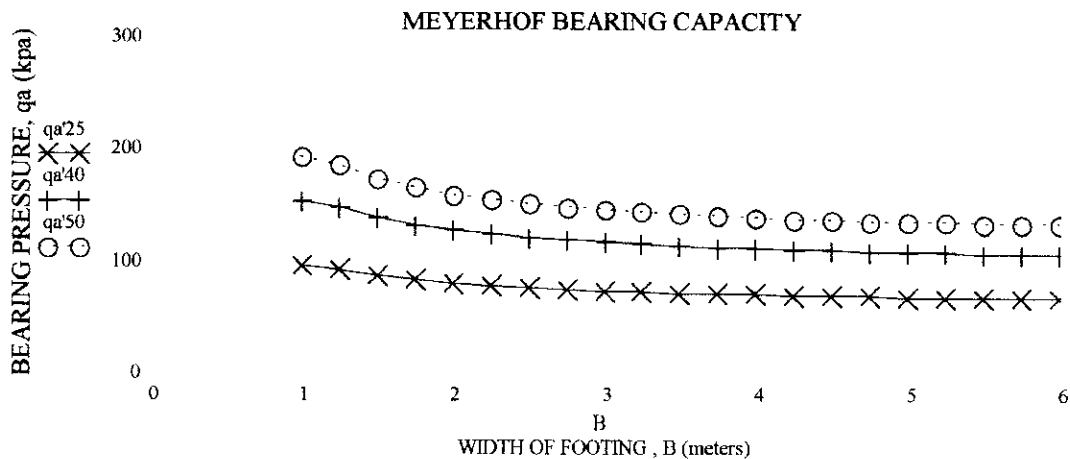
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 5.4$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 6$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i = 9$ $N60_{cor} = N1'60_{ni}$ $N60_{cor} = 6$ $D_{ni} = 7.5$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa1'25_n = \frac{N60_{cor} \cdot Kd_n}{F1_n \cdot 1.5} \quad qa2'25_n = \frac{N60_{cor} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot Kd_n}{F2_n \cdot 1.5}$$

$qa'25 = qa2'25$ $qa'25_1 = qa1'25_1$ $qa'40 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'50 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$

1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3	3.3	3.5	3.8
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$Kd^T =$

1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

$qa'25^T =$

105.9	101.7	95.3	90.8	87.5	85	83	81.4	80	78.9
-------	-------	------	------	------	----	----	------	----	------

$qa'40^T =$

169.4	162.8	152.4	145.3	140	136	132.8	130.2	128.1
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$qa'50^T =$

211.7	203.4	190.5	181.6	175	169.9	166	162.8	160.1
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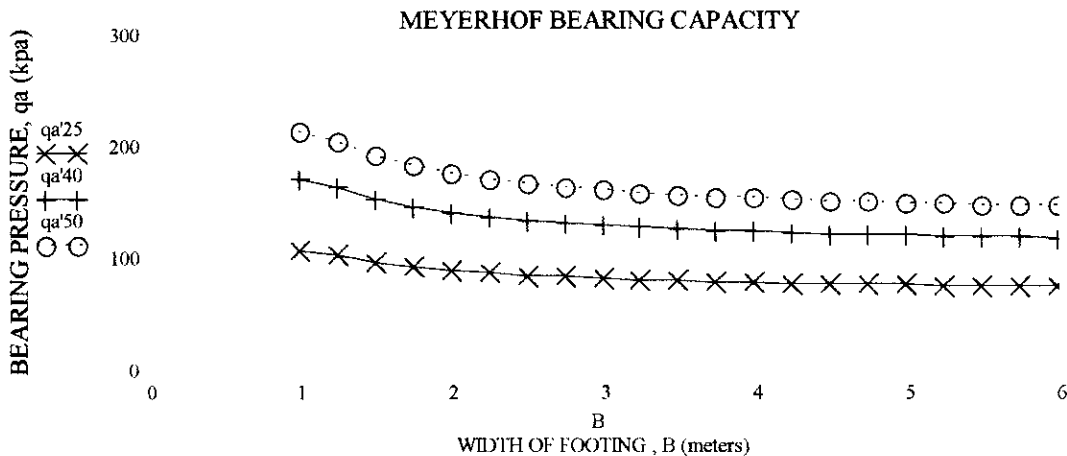
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{ni} = 6$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 7.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i := 10$ $N60_{cor} := N1'60_{n_i}$ $N60_{cor} = 3.2$ $D_{n_i} = 9$

$$Kd_n := \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa1'25_n := \frac{N60_{cor}}{F1_n} \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$$qa2'25_n := \frac{N60_{cor}}{F2_n} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{Kd_n}{1.5}$$

$qa'25 := qa2'25$ $qa'25_1 := qa1'25_1$ $qa'40 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'50 := qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$

1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3	3.3	3.5	3.8
---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----

$Kd^T =$

1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

$qa'25^T =$

57	54.8	51.3	48.9	47.1	45.8	44.7	43.8	43.1	42.5	42
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$qa'40^T =$

91.2	87.7	82.1	78.2	75.4	73.2	71.5	70.1	69	68	67.2
------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	----	----	------

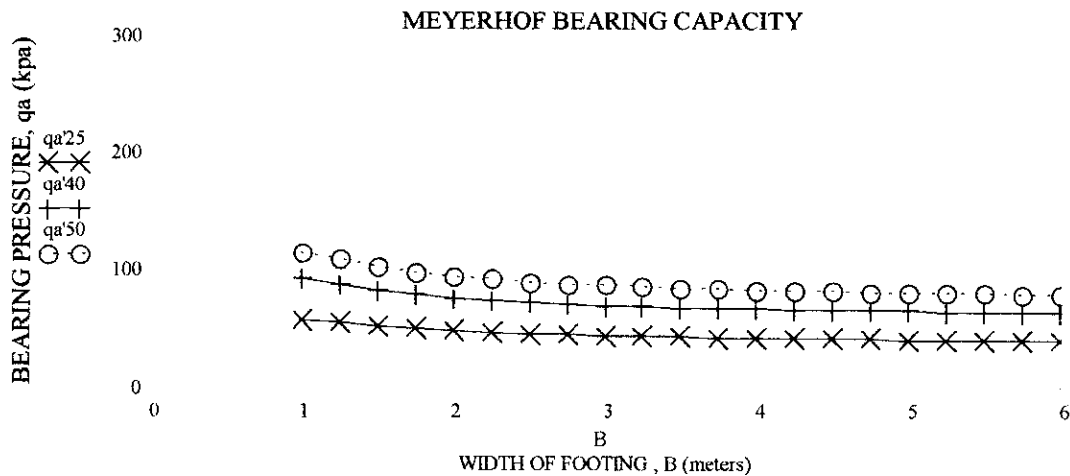
$qa'50^T =$

114	109.6	102.6	97.8	94.3	91.6	89.4	87.7	86.2	85
-----	-------	-------	------	------	------	------	------	------	----

qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines
 qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines
 qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N1'60_{n_i} = 3.2$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{n_i} = 9$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i = 11$ $N_{60cor} = N_{60mi}$ $N_{60cor} = 4.9$ $D_{ni} = 10.5$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left[\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right]$$

$$qa'_{25n} = \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot Kd_n}{F1_n \cdot 1.5} \quad qa'_{25n} = \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F3_n}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot Kd_n}{F2_n \cdot 1.5}$$

$qa'_{25} = qa'_{25}$ $qa'_{25_I} = qa'_{25_I}$ $qa'_{40} = qa'_{25} \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'_{50} = qa'_{25} \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

$B^T =$ [redacted] 1 1.3 1.5 1.8 2 2.3 2.5 2.8 3 3.3 3.5 3.8

$Kd^T =$ [redacted] 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3

$qa'_{25}^T =$ [redacted] 87.3 83.9 78.5 74.9 72.1 70.1 68.4 67.1 66 65.1

$qa'_{40}^T =$ [redacted] 139.6 134.2 125.7 119.8 115.4 112.1 109.5 107.4

$qa'_{50}^T =$ [redacted] 174.5 167.7 157.1 149.7 144.3 140.1 136.8 134.2 132

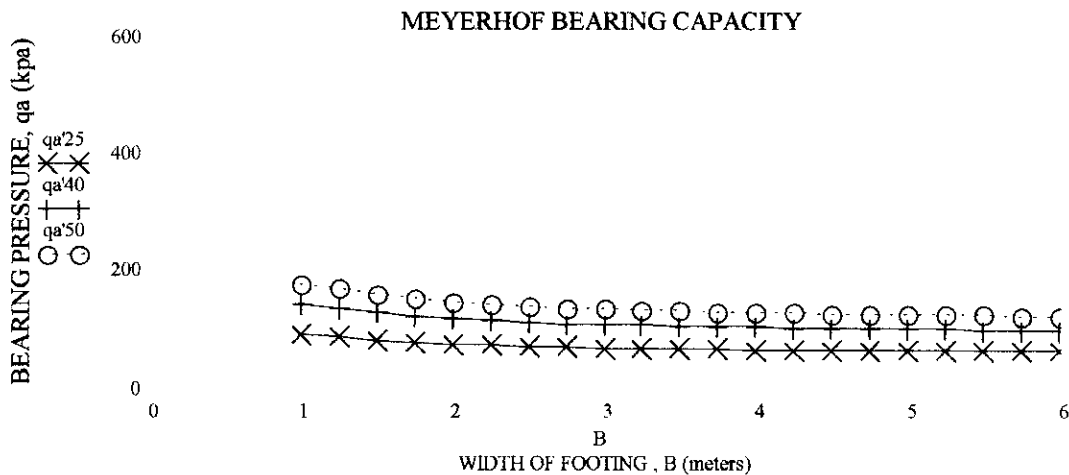
qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines

qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines

qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

$N_{60mi} = 4.9$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 10.5$ Depth of Boring in meters



$n_i = 12$ $N_{60cor} = N_{i'60} \cdot 4.1$ $N_{60cor} = 4.1$ $D_{ni} = 12$

$$Kd_n = \text{if} \left(\left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) > 1.33, 1.33, \left(1 + .33 \cdot \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \right)$$

$$qa_{1'25_n} = \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot Kd_n}{F_{1_n} \cdot 1.5} \quad qa_{2'25_n} = \frac{N_{60cor} \cdot \left(\frac{B_n + F_{3_n}}{B_n} \right)^2 \cdot Kd_n}{F_{2_n} \cdot 1.5}$$

$qa'25 = qa_{2'25}$ $qa'25_1 = qa_{1'25_1}$ $qa'40 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{40}{25}$ $qa'50 = qa'25 \cdot \frac{50}{25}$

MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY CALCULATION USING DIRECT SPT NO.

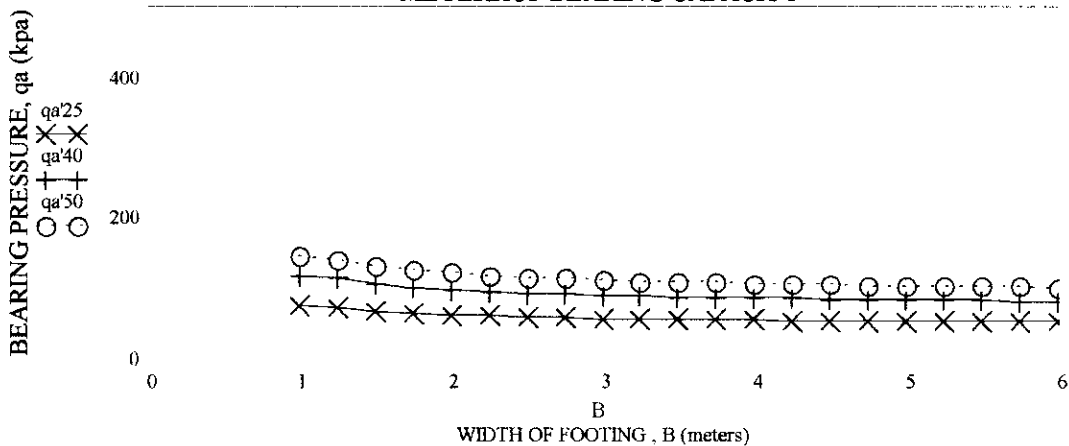
$B^T =$	1	1.3	1.5	1.8	2	2.3	2.5	2.8	3	3.3	3.5	3.8
$Kd^T =$	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
$qa'25^T =$	73.1	70.3	65.8	62.7	60.4	58.7	57.3	56.2	55.3	54.5		
$qa'40^T =$	117	112.4	105.3	100.4	96.7	93.9	91.7	90	88.5	87.3		
$qa'50^T =$	146.3	140.6	131.6	125.4	120.9	117.4	114.7	112.4				

qa'25 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 25 mm Settlement in x's lines
 qa'40 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 40 mm Settlement in +'s lines
 qa'50 = Meyerhof Bearing Capacity for 50 mm Settlement in o's lines

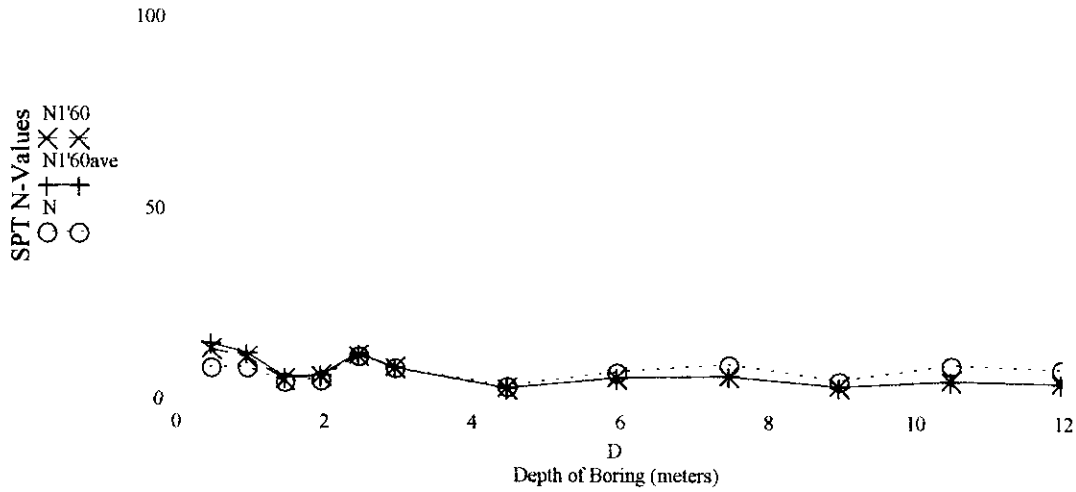
$N_{i'60} = 4.1$ Corrected SPT Number

$D_{ni} = 12$ Depth of Boring in meters

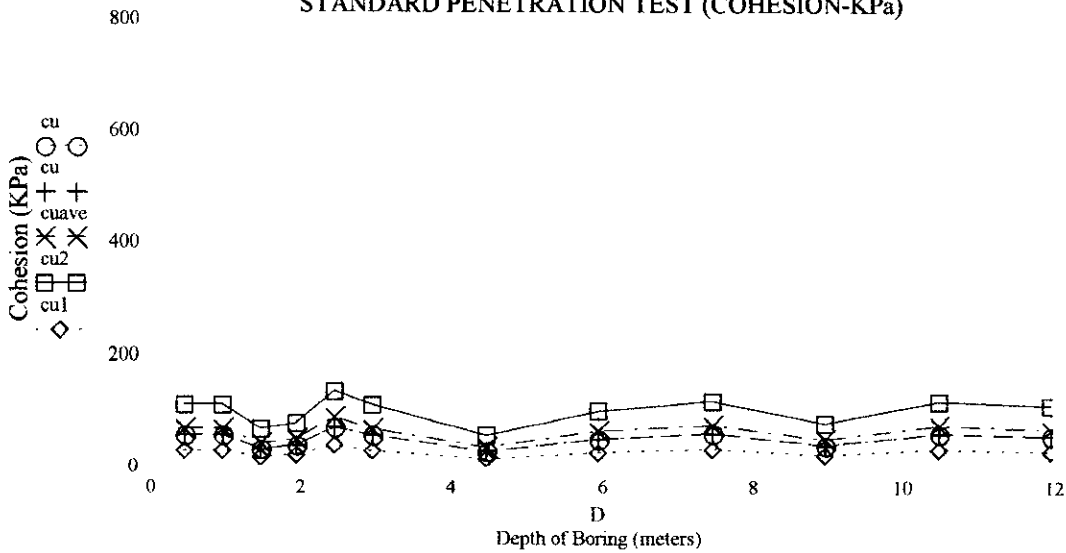
MEYERHOF BEARING CAPACITY



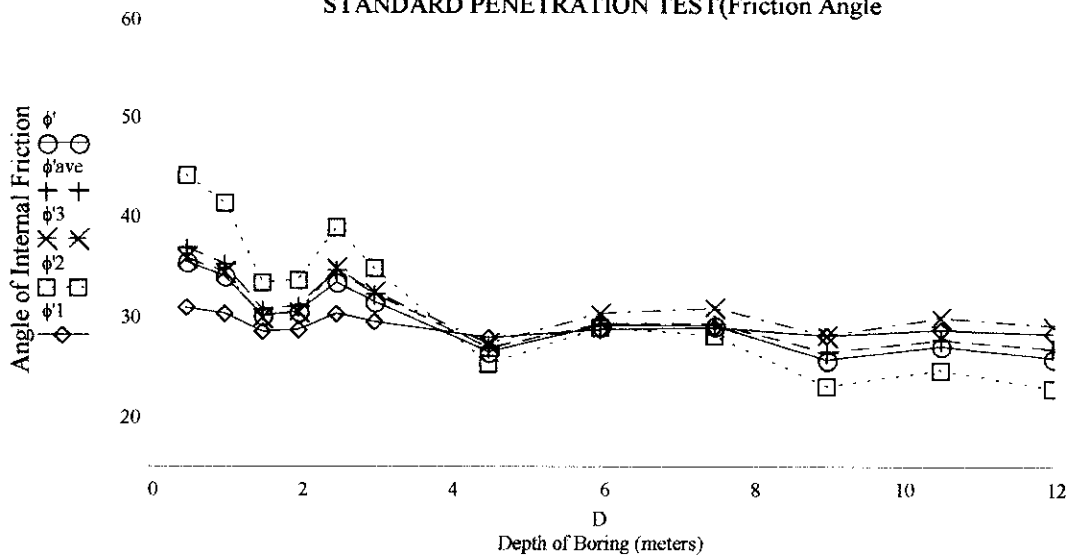
STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (N-VALUES)



STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (COHESION-KPa)



STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (Friction Angle)



SKEMPTON'S BEARING CAPACITY (1951) FROM MUNI BUDHU 'Soil Mechanics and Foundations page 327'

Width of Footing:

$$B^T = [1 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.5 \quad 1.8 \quad 2 \quad 2.3 \quad 2.5 \quad 2.8 \quad 3 \quad 3.3 \quad 3.5 \quad 3.8]$$

Length of Footing: $L = B$

$$L^T = [1 \quad 1.3 \quad 1.5 \quad 1.8 \quad 2 \quad 2.3 \quad 2.5 \quad 2.8 \quad 3 \quad 3.3 \quad 3.5 \quad 3.8]$$

Undrained Shear Strength: $su = cu$

$$cu^T = [52.7 \quad 52.7 \quad 30.1 \quad 36 \quad 68.4 \quad 52.7 \quad 23.9 \quad 47.3 \quad 58 \quad 36 \quad 58]$$

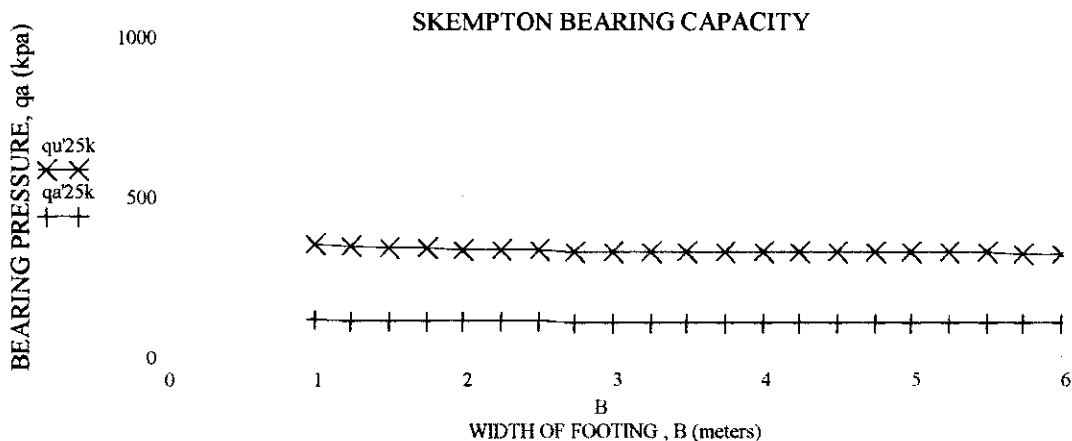
$$su^T = [52.7 \quad 52.7 \quad 30.1 \quad 36 \quad 68.4 \quad 52.7 \quad 23.9 \quad 47.3 \quad 58 \quad 36 \quad 58]$$

$$n_i = 1 \quad D_{ni} = 0.5 \quad su_{ni} = 52.7 \quad FS = 3$$

$$qu'25k_n = 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right) \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k = \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$$qu'25k^T = [347.9 \quad 341.6 \quad 337.4 \quad 334.4 \quad 332.1 \quad 330.4 \quad 329 \quad 327.8 \quad 326.9]$$

$$qa'25k^T = [116 \quad 113.9 \quad 112.5 \quad 111.5 \quad 110.7 \quad 110.1 \quad 109.7 \quad 109.3 \quad 109]$$

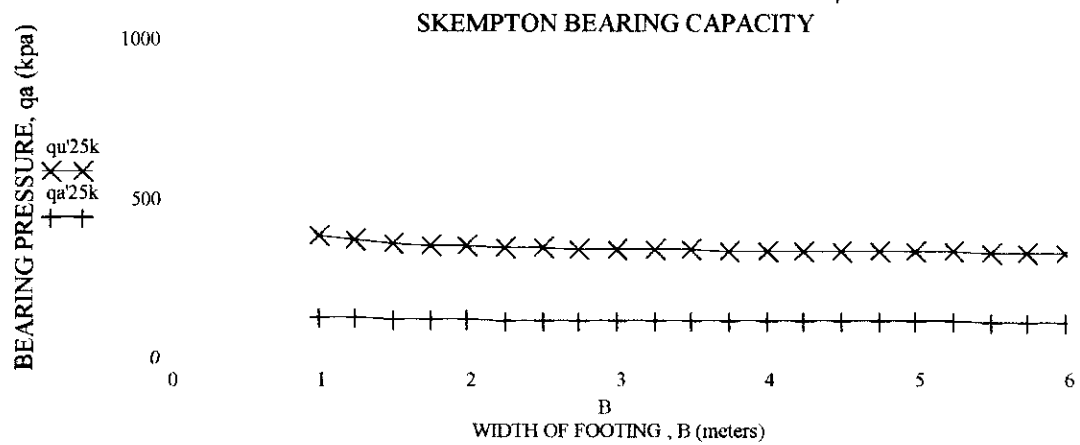


$n_i = 2$ $D_{ni} = 1$ $su_{ni} = 52.7$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n = 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k = \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 379.6 366.9 358.5 352.5 347.9 344.4 341.6 339.3

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 126.5 122.3 119.5 117.5 116 114.8 113.9 113.1 112.5

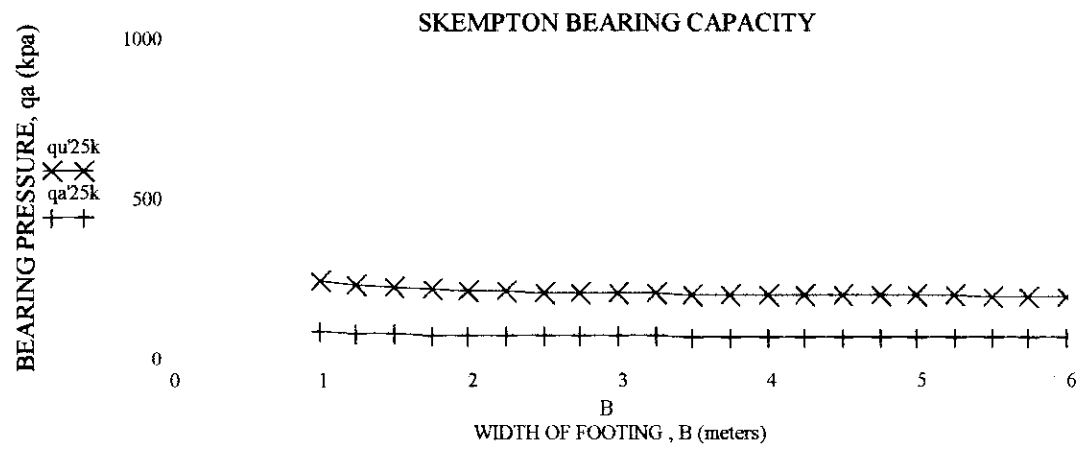


$n_i = 3$ $D_{ni} = 1.5$ $su_{ni} = 30.1$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n = 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k = \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 234.9 224.1 216.9 211.7 207.8 204.8 202.4 200.4

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 78.3 74.7 72.3 70.6 69.3 68.3 67.5 66.8 66.3 65.8

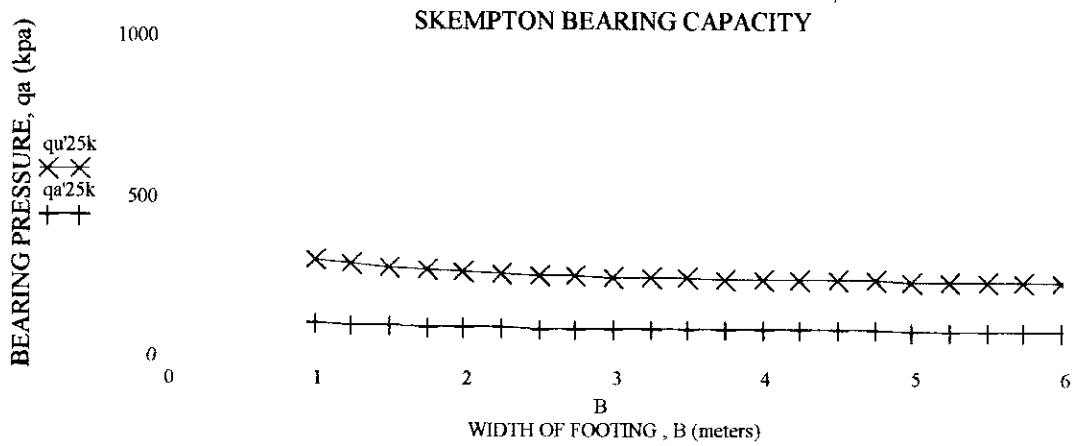


$n_i := 4$ $D_{ni} = 2$ $su_{ni} = 36$ $FS := 3$

$$qu'25k_n := 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 302.7 285.4 273.9 265.6 259.5 254.7 250.8 247.7

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 100.9 95.1 91.3 88.5 86.5 84.9 83.6 82.6 81.7 80.9

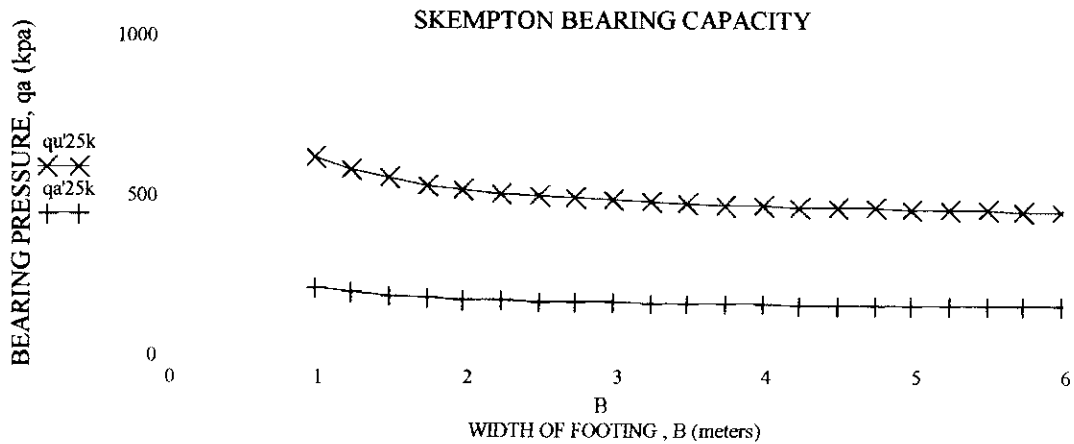


$n_i := 5$ $D_{ni} = 2.5$ $su_{ni} = 68.4$ $FS := 3$

$$qu'25k_n := 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 615.3 574.3 547 527.4 512.8 501.4 492.3 484.8 478.6

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 205.1 191.4 182.3 175.8 170.9 167.1 164.1 161.6

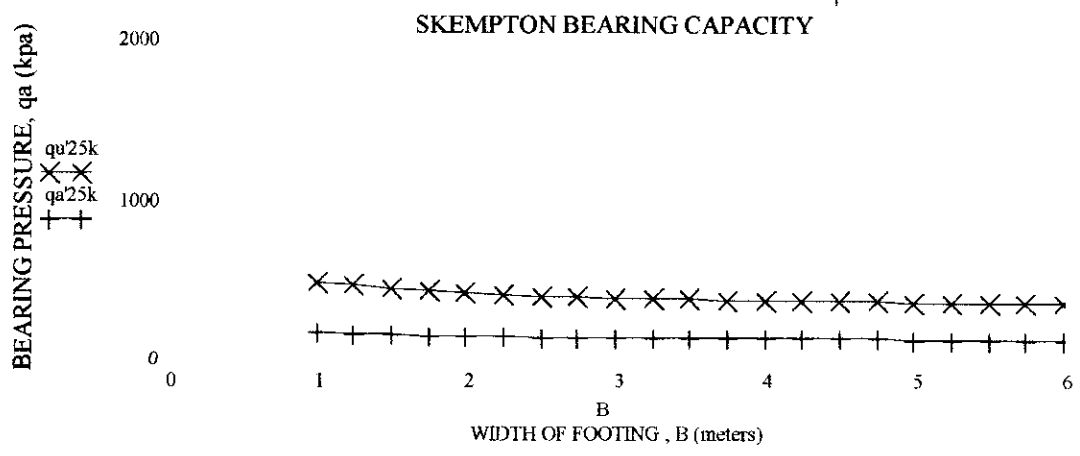


$n_i = 6$ $D_{ni} = 3$ $su_{ni} = 52.7$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n := 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 474.5 468.1 442.8 424.8 411.2 400.7 392.2 385.3

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 158.2 156 147.6 141.6 137.1 133.6 130.7 128.4 126.5

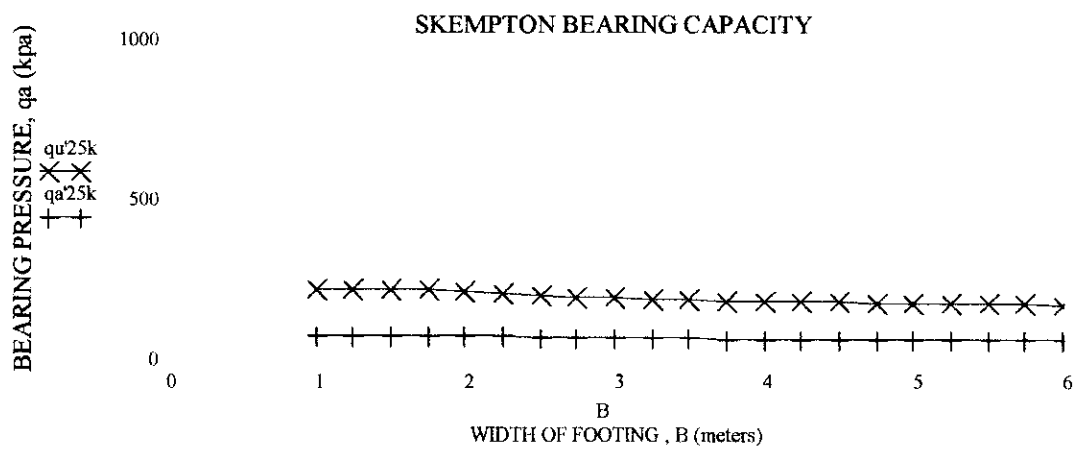


$n_i = 7$ $D_{ni} = 4.5$ $su_{ni} = 23.9$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n := 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 215.4 215.4 215.4 215.4 208.2 201 195.3 190.6 186.7

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted]
 71.8 71.8 71.8 71.8 69.4 67 65.1 63.5 62.2 61.1



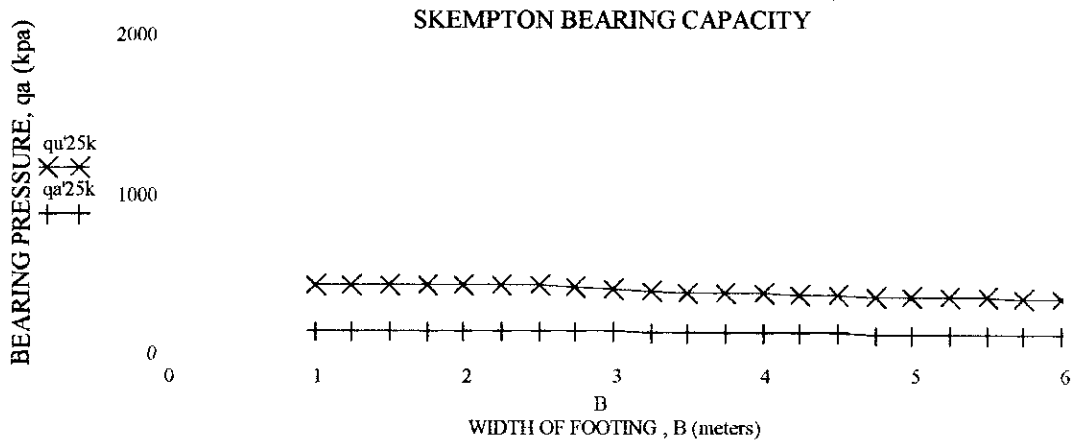
$n_i = 8$ $D_{ni} = 6$ $su_{ni} = 47.3$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n = 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right)$$

$$qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted] 425.7 425.7 425.7 425.7 425.7 425.7 420 407.6 397.3

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted] 141.9 141.9 141.9 141.9 141.9 141.9 140 135.9 132.4



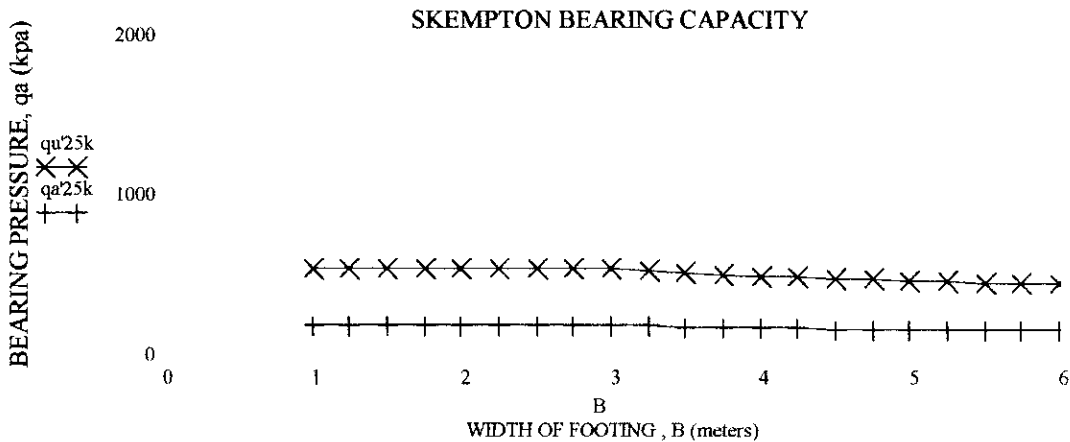
$n_i = 9$ $D_{ni} = 7.5$ $su_{ni} = 58$ $FS = 3$

$$qu'25k_n = 5 \cdot su_{ni} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{ni}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{ni}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right)$$

$$qa'25k := \frac{qu'25k}{FS}$$

$qu'25k^T =$ [redacted] 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2

$qa'25k^T =$ [redacted] 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1

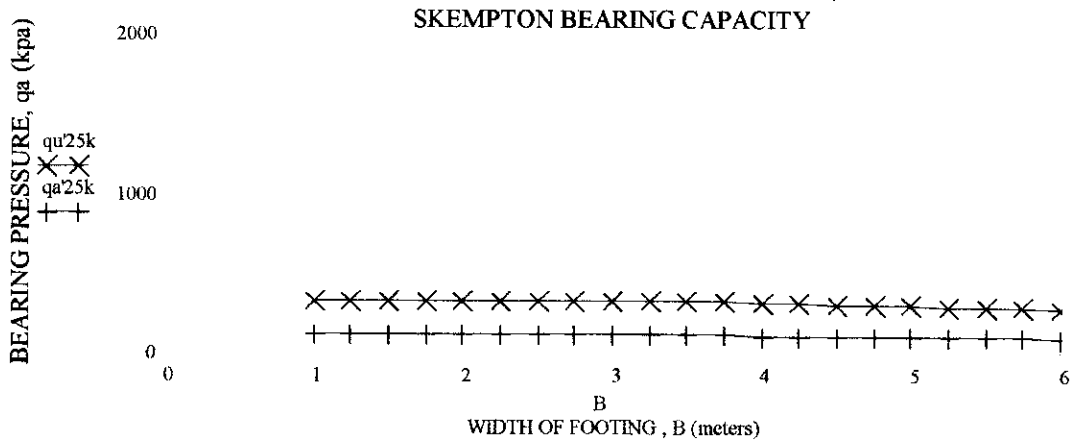


$n_i = 10$ $D_{n_i} = 9$ $s_{u_{n_i}} = 36$ $FS = 3$

$$q_{u'25k_n} := 5 \cdot s_{u_{n_i}} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left(\frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n} \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right) \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad q_{a'25k} := \frac{q_{u'25k}}{FS}$$

$q_{u'25k}^T =$ [redacted]
 324.3 324.3 324.3 324.3 324.3 324.3 324.3 324.3

$q_{a'25k}^T =$ [redacted]
 108.1 108.1 108.1 108.1 108.1 108.1 108.1 108.1

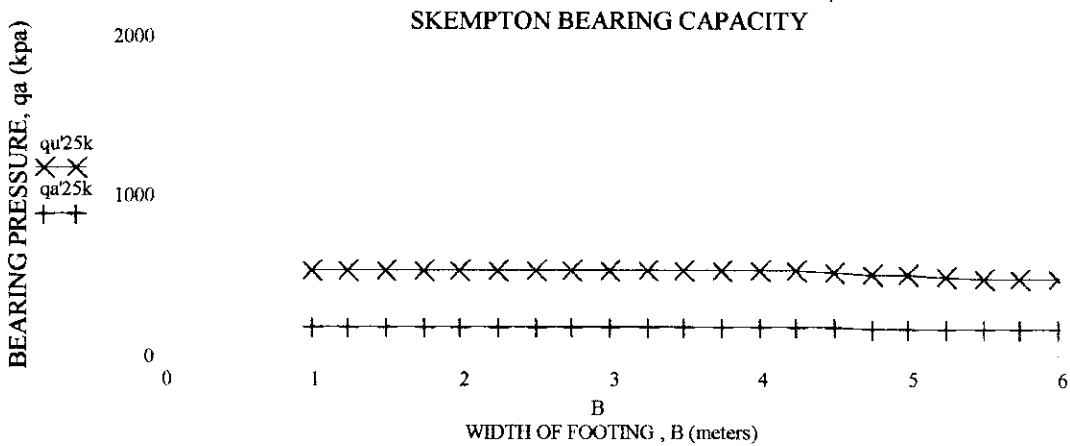


$n_i = 11$ $D_{n_i} = 10.5$ $s_{u_{n_i}} = 58$ $FS = 3$

$$q_{u'25k_n} := 5 \cdot s_{u_{n_i}} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left(\frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n} \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right) \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right) \quad q_{a'25k} := \frac{q_{u'25k}}{FS}$$

$q_{u'25k}^T =$ [redacted]
 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2 522.2

$q_{a'25k}^T =$ [redacted]
 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1 174.1



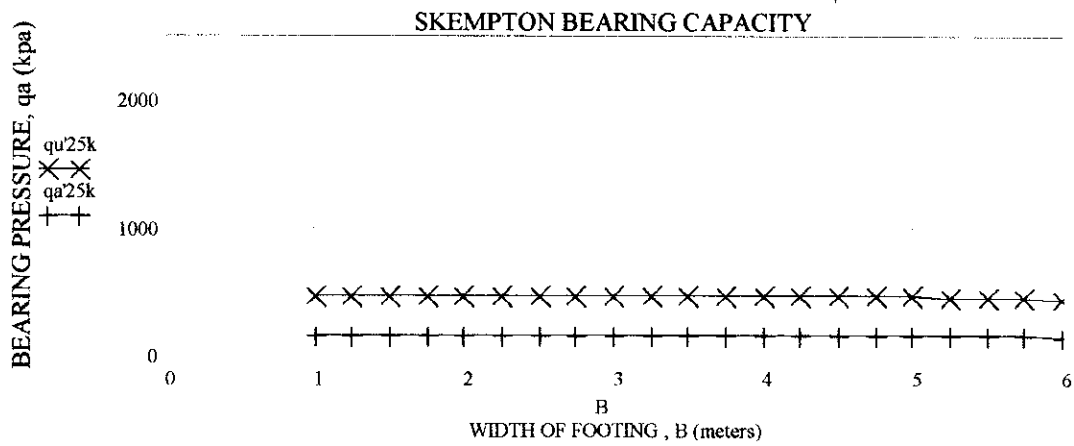
$n_i = 12$ $D_{n_i} = 12$ $s_{u_{n_i}} = 52.7$ $FS = 3$

$$q_{u'25k_n} := 5 \cdot s_{u_{n_i}} \cdot \left[1 + .2 \cdot \text{if} \left[\left(\frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n} \right) \leq 2.5, \frac{D_{n_i}}{B_n}, 2.5 \right] \right] \cdot \left(1 + .2 \cdot \frac{B_n}{L_n} \right)$$

$$q_{a'25k} := \frac{q_{u'25k}}{FS}$$

$q_{u'25k}^T =$ [Redacted] 474.5 474.5 474.5 474.5 474.5 474.5 474.5 474.5

$q_{a'25k}^T =$ [Redacted] 158.2 158.2 158.2 158.2 158.2 158.2 158.2 158.2



TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: Lpra GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 1 \quad FS = 4 \quad Y = 15.61 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N_y \quad \phi = 30.30 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_c = \cot \phi' \left[e^{\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}} - 1 \right] \quad c = 20.56 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$D_{wt} = 0.00 \text{ m}$$

Depth of Excav = 1.50 m

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}$$

$$N'_y = \frac{2 \cos^2 (45 + \phi/2)}{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}$$

$$\tan \phi' = 2/3 \tan \phi$$

$$\phi' = 21.29 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi$$

N'y = From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav. m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil γ KN/cu.m.	Cohesion c KPa	Angle of Internal Friction φ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction φ radians	Bearing Factors N'c	Bearing Factors N'q	Bearing Factors N'y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Qu gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa net KPa
1.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	478	120	111
1.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	483	121	112
2.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	487	122	113
2.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	492	123	114
3.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	496	124	115
3.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	500	125	116
4.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	505	126	117
4.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	509	127	119
5.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	514	128	120
5.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	518	129	121
6.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	522	131	122
6.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	527	132	123
7.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	531	133	124
7.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	536	134	125
8.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	540	135	126
8.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	544	136	127
9.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	549	137	128
9.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	553	138	130
10.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	558	139	131
10.50	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	562	140	132
11.00	1.50	8.71	15.6	26.56	21.29	0.37	12.53	4.26	1.41	566	142	133

$$Q_a \text{ net} = Q_a - q$$

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N'_y \quad F_s = 1 \quad FS = 4 \quad \gamma = 16.84 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$N'_c = \cot \phi' \left[e^{\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi' / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}} - 1 \right] \quad \phi = 29.73 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2 (45 + \phi' / 2)}{2(3\pi/4 - \phi' / 2) \tan \phi} \quad c = 24.80 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$N'_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K \gamma y}{\cos^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi \quad D_{wr} = 0 \text{ m}$$

$F_s = 2 \text{ to } 3$ Shear Failure Depth of Excav = 3.00 m

$c' = 24.80 \text{ KPa}$

$\tan \phi' = 2/3 \tan \phi$
 $\phi' = 20.84 \text{ degrees}$

$N'_y =$ From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav- m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil γ KN/cu.m.	Cohesion c KPa	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ radians	Bearing Factors N_c	Bearing Factors N_q	Bearing Factors N'_y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Q_u gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a net KPa
1.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	462	123	102
1.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	496	124	103
2.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	501	125	104
2.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	505	126	105
3.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	510	127	106
3.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	514	129	107
4.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	519	130	109
4.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	523	131	110
5.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	527	132	111
5.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	532	133	112
6.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	536	134	113
6.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	541	135	114
7.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	545	136	115
7.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	550	137	116
8.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	554	138	117
8.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	558	140	118
9.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	563	141	120
9.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	567	142	121
10.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	572	143	122
10.50	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	576	144	123
11.00	3.00	21.10	16.8	24.80	20.84	0.36	12.29	4.12	1.31	580	145	124

$Q_a \text{ net} = Q_a - q$

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: Lpra GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:
 Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 1 \quad F_s = 4 \quad \gamma = 20.97 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N_y \quad \phi = 20.97 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_c = \text{cot } \phi' \left[e^{\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}} - 1 \right] \quad c = 21.80 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$D_{WT} = g \text{ m}$$

Fs = 2 to 3 Shear Failure
 Depth of Excav = 4.50 m

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}$$

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2 (45 + \phi/2)}{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}$$

$$\tan \phi = 2/3 \tan \phi$$

$$\phi' = 18.74 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K \gamma y}{\text{cot}^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi$$

N'y = From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav. m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil γ KN/cu.m.	Cohesion c KPa	Angle of Internal Friction φ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction φ radians	Bearing Factors N'c	Bearing Factors N'q	Bearing Factors N'y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Qu gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa net KPa
1.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	603	151	74
1.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	609	152	75
2.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	614	153	76
2.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	619	155	78
3.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	625	156	79
3.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	630	157	80
4.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	635	159	82
4.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	641	160	83
5.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	646	161	84
5.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	651	163	86
6.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	657	164	87
6.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	662	166	88
7.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	667	167	90
7.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	673	168	91
8.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	678	170	92
8.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	683	171	94
9.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	689	172	95
9.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	694	174	96
10.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	699	175	98
10.50	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	705	176	99
11.00	4.50	77.26	27.0	21.80	18.74	0.33	11.24	3.55	0.99	710	178	100

Qa net = Qa - q

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-338, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
BOREHOLE NO. 1
SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 1 \quad FS = 4 \quad Y = 17.39 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N'_y \quad \phi = 28.63 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_c = \cot \phi' \left[e^{\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos(\pi/4 + \pi/2)}} - 1 \right] \quad c = 24.20 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$D_{Wt} = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Depth of Excav} = 0.00 \text{ m}$$

$$c' = 24.20 \text{ KPa}$$

$$\tan \phi' = 2/3 \tan \phi$$

$$\phi' = 20.00 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2(45 + \phi/2)}{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}$$

$$N'_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi$$

$N'_y =$ From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav- m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil Y KN/cu.m.	Cohesion C KPa	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ radians	Bearing Factors N'_c	Bearing Factors N'_q	Bearing Factors N'_y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Q_u gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a net KPa
1.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	557	139	94
1.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	561	140	95
2.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	565	141	96
2.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	569	142	97
3.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	573	143	98
3.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	577	144	99
4.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	581	145	100
4.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	584	146	101
5.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	588	147	102
5.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	592	148	103
6.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	596	149	103
6.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	600	150	104
7.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	604	151	105
7.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	608	152	106
8.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	612	153	107
8.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	616	154	108
9.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	619	155	109
9.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	623	156	110
10.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	627	157	111
10.50	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	631	158	112
11.00	6.00	45.53	17.4	24.20	20.00	0.35	11.85	3.88	1.12	635	159	113

$$Q_a \text{ net} = Q_a - q$$

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPLG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: L.PRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 2 \text{ to } 3 \quad \text{Shear Failure}$$

$$c' = 25.40 \text{ KPa}$$

$$\tan \phi' = 2/3 \tan \phi$$

$$\phi' = 20.25 \text{ degrees}$$

$$F_s = 1 \quad FS = 4 \quad Y = 17.77 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 Y B_y N'_y \quad \phi = 28.95 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N'_c = \cot \phi' \left[c \frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)} - 1 \right] \quad c = 25.40 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$N'_q = \frac{2 \cos^2 (\pi/4 + \pi/2)}{2 \cos^2 (45 + \phi/2)} \quad D_{wr} = 0 \text{ m}$$

Depth of Excav = 7.50 m

$$N'_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi$$

N'y = From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav. m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil Y KN/cu.m.	Cohesion C KPa	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ radians	Bearing Factors N'c	Bearing Factors N'q	Bearing Factors N'y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Qu gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa net KPa
1.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	640	160	100
1.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	644	161	101
2.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	648	162	102
2.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	652	163	103
3.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	657	164	104
3.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	661	165	105
4.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	665	166	107
4.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	669	167	108
5.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	673	168	109
5.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	678	169	110
6.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	682	170	111
6.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	686	171	112
7.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	690	173	113
7.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	694	174	114
8.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	698	175	115
8.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	703	176	116
9.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	707	177	117
9.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	711	178	118
10.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	715	179	119
10.50	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	719	180	120
11.00	7.50	59.74	17.8	25.40	20.25	0.35	11.98	3.95	1.18	724	181	121

Qa net = Qa - q

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Manikilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: Lpra GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 1 \quad F_s = 4 \quad Y = 19.90 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 Y B_y N_y \quad \phi = 27.10 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N_c = \cot \phi' \left[e^{2(3\pi/4 - \phi'/2) \tan \phi} \frac{2 \cos^2(\pi/4 + \pi/2)}{2 \cos^2(\pi/4 + \pi/2)} - 1 \right] \quad c = 23.00 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$N_q = \frac{2 \cos^2(45 + \phi/2)}{2 \cos^2(\pi/4 - \phi/2) \tan \phi} \quad D_{wr} = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Depth of Excav} = 0.00 \text{ m}$$

$F_s = 2 \text{ to } 3$ Shear Failure

$c' = 23.00 \text{ KPa}$

$\tan \phi' = 2/3 \tan \phi$

$\phi' = 18.84 \text{ degrees}$

$$N_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi$$

$N_y =$ From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav. m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil Y KN/cu.m.	Cohesion C KPa	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ radians	Bearing Factors N_c	Bearing Factors N_q	Bearing Factors N_y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Q_u gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Q_a net KPa
1.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	572	143	79
1.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	575	144	80
2.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	579	145	81
2.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	582	146	82
3.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	586	146	83
3.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	589	147	83
4.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	592	148	84
4.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	596	149	85
5.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	599	150	86
5.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	603	151	87
6.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	606	152	88
6.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	609	152	89
7.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	613	153	89
7.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	616	154	90
8.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	620	155	91
8.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	623	156	92
9.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	626	157	93
9.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	630	157	94
10.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	633	158	94
10.50	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	637	159	95
11.00	9.00	63.83	16.9	23.00	18.84	0.33	11.29	3.57	1.01	640	160	96

$Q_a \text{ net} = Q_u - q$

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPLG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1
 SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$F_s = 1 \quad F_s = 4 \quad \gamma = 17.66 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N_y \quad \phi = 28.28 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N_c = \cot \phi' \left[e^{\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi/2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2(\pi/4 + \pi/2)}} - 1 \right] \quad c = 25.40 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$N_q = \frac{2 \cos^2(\pi/4 + \pi/2)}{2 \cos^2(45 + \phi/2)} \quad D_{WT} = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$N_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi \quad \text{Depth of Excav} = 10.50 \text{ m}$$

F_s = 2 to 3 Shear Failure

c' = 25.40 KPa

tan φ = 2/3 tan φ

φ' = 19.72 degrees

N_y γ = From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJA M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav- m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil γ KN/cu.m.	Cohesion c KPa	Angle of Internal Friction φ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction φ radians	Bearing Factors N _c	Bearing Factors N _q	Bearing Factors N _y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Qu gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa net KPa
1.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	708	177	95
1.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	712	178	96
2.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	716	179	96
2.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	720	180	97
3.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	724	181	98
3.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	727	182	99
4.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	731	183	100
4.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	735	184	101
5.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	739	185	102
5.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	743	186	103
6.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	747	187	104
6.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	751	188	105
7.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	754	189	106
7.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	758	190	107
8.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	762	191	108
8.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	766	192	109
9.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	770	192	110
9.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	774	193	111
10.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	778	194	112
10.50	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	781	195	113
11.00	10.50	82.46	17.7	25.40	19.72	0.34	11.71	3.80	1.09	785	196	114

Qa net = Qa - Q

TERZAGHI ULTIMATE BEARING CAPACITY (LOCAL SHEAR FAILURE MODE IN SOILS)

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/LG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020

EXPLORED BY: LPRA GEO-SOLUTIONS
 BOREHOLE NO. 1

SQUARE FOOTING:

Local Shear Failure:

$$Q_u = 0.867 c' N_c + q N_q + 0.40 \gamma B_y N'_y \quad \gamma = 17.39 \text{ KN/m}^3$$

$$N_c = \cot \phi' \left[\frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos(\pi/4 + \pi/2)} - 1 \right] \quad \phi = 20.12 \text{ degrees}$$

$$N_q = \frac{2(3\pi/4 - \phi / 2) \tan \phi}{2 \cos^2(45 + \phi/2)} \quad c = 24.80 \text{ Kpa}$$

$$N'_y = \frac{K}{2} \left(\frac{py}{\cot^2 \phi} - 1 \right) \tan \phi \quad D_{WT} = \phi \text{ m}$$

Fs = 2 to 3 Shear Failure

$$c' = 24.80 \text{ KPa}$$

$$\tan \phi = 2/3 \tan \phi$$

$$\phi' = 19.61 \text{ degrees}$$

Depth of Excav= 12.00 m

N'y = From Table 3.2 page 130 (Principles of Foundation Engineering By BRAJAJI M. DAS)

Square Footing Size m	Depth of Excav- m	Effective Stress q KPa	Wet Unit Weight of Soil y KN/cu.m.	Cohesion c KPa	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ degrees	Angle of Internal Friction ϕ radians	Bearing Factors N'c	Bearing Factors N'q	Bearing Factors N'y	Ultimate Bearing Pressure Qu gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa gross KPa	Allowable Bearing Pressure Qa net KPa
1.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	727	182	91
1.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	731	183	92
2.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	735	184	93
2.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	738	185	94
3.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	742	186	94
3.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	746	186	95
4.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	750	187	96
4.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	753	188	97
5.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	757	189	98
5.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	761	190	99
6.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	765	191	100
6.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	768	192	101
7.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	772	193	102
7.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	776	194	103
8.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	780	195	104
8.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	784	196	105
9.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	787	197	106
9.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	791	198	107
10.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	795	199	108
10.50	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	799	200	109
11.00	12.00	91.02	17.4	24.80	19.61	0.34	11.66	3.77	1.08	802	201	110

$$Q_a \text{ net} = Q_a - q$$

LIQUEFACTION ASSESSMENT BY SEED & IDRIS

PROJECT : Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SPLG Building Gov't Center
 LOCATION: Davao del Norte Government Center, Mankilam, Tagum City
 DATE: 9/20/2020
 EXPLORED BY: LPGA GEO-SOLUTIONS

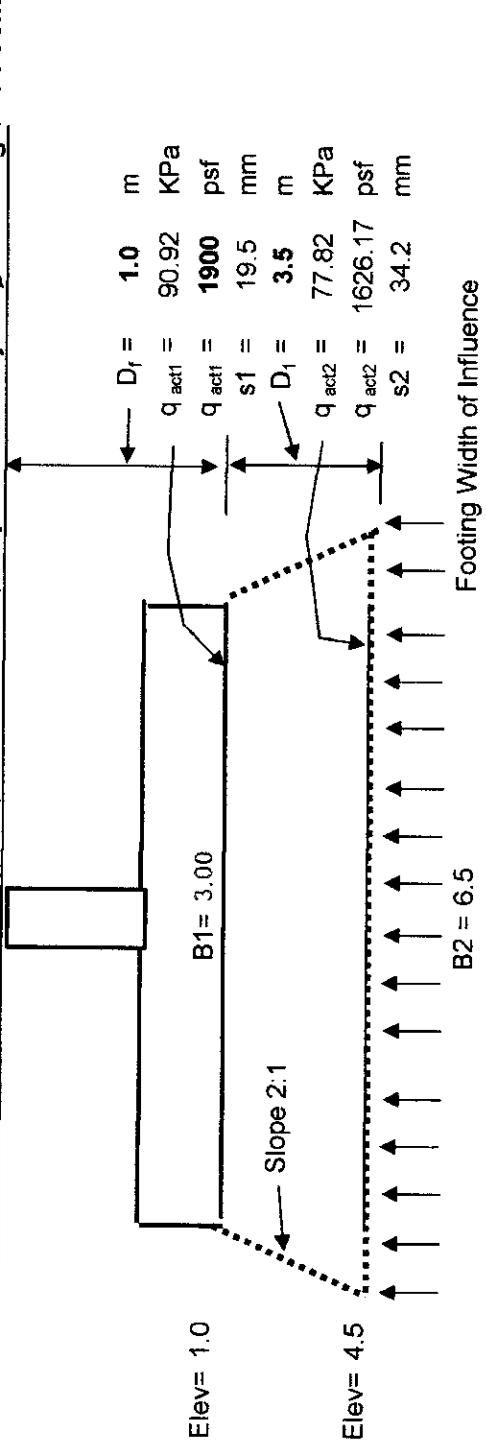
BOREHOLE NO. 1

DEPTH (m)	DEPTH (m)	% Fines	Specific Gravity of Soil Solids G_s	Field Measured N-Values	Water Content = w %	Wet Unit Weight γ_{wet} KNm^{-3}	Saturated Unit Weight γ_{sat} KNm^{-3} $(G_s + e) \gamma_w / (1 + e)$	Dry Unit Weight γ_{dry} KNm^{-3} $\gamma_{sat} / (1 + w)$	Vertical Effective Stress σ_v	Liao & Whitman-1982 Correction Factor = C_r	SPT Corrected N_{60} = N_f $\times C_r$	Seed & Idria's -1982- Figure 10-24 page 441 Lower Bound of (τ_h/σ_v) field for which is likely	Horizontal Shear Stress $\tau_h = \sigma_v \times M(0)$	Total Vertical Stress $\sigma_{vm} = \sigma_v$	Seed & Idria's -1982- Reduction Factor R_{CD} $\times 10.305$ page 434	Maximum Shear Stress-time history $\tau_{av} = .65 \times CD \times \text{Total Vert. Stress} \times \sigma_{vm} / \sigma_v \times M$	Liquefaction Resistance Factor (FL) = τ_h / τ_{av}	SYMBOL	Plasticity Index, PI	SOIL & ROCK DESCRIPTION
0.0-0.5	0.50	34.6%	2.7	8	12.31%	16.44	19.03	14.64	7.32	3.62	28.9	0.40	2.93	12.22	1.000	3.178	0.921	SC-SM	3.25%	Silty, Clayey Sand Slightly plastic
0.5-1.0	1.00	34.6%	2.7	8	10.76%	15.67	18.72	14.15	14.39	2.58	20.6	0.40	5.76	19.30	0.996	4.998	1.162	SC-SM	3.25%	Silty, Clayey Sand Slightly plastic
1.0-1.5	1.50	25.3%	2.7	4	20.04%	14.73	17.54	12.27	18.26	2.29	9.2	0.17	3.10	23.16	0.992	5.975	0.519	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
1.5-2.0	2.00	25.3%	2.7	5	31.62%	14.92	16.95	11.33	21.82	2.09	10.5	0.19	4.15	26.73	0.988	6.868	0.604	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
2.0-2.5	2.50	25.3%	2.7	11	18.72%	17.46	19.07	14.70	26.45	1.90	20.9	0.40	10.55	31.36	0.984	8.026	1.318	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
2.5-3.0	3.00	25.3%	2.7	8	23.85%	18.14	18.67	14.07	30.88	1.76	14.1	0.25	7.72	35.79	0.980	9.123	0.846	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
3.0-4.5	4.50	25.3%	2.7	3	23.50%	16.09	18.01	13.03	43.19	1.49	4.5	0.13	5.61	57.90	0.969	14.584	0.385	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
4.5-6.0	6.00	25.3%	2.7	7	26.88%	17.39	18.44	13.71	56.14	1.31	9.1	0.17	9.54	70.85	0.957	17.629	0.541	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
6.0-7.5	7.50	25.3%	2.7	9	14.30%	17.77	19.60	15.55	70.82	1.16	10.5	0.19	13.46	85.54	0.928	20.648	0.652	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
7.5-9.0	9.00	25.3%	2.7	5	29.17%	16.90	18.05	13.08	83.18	1.07	5.4	0.13	10.81	97.89	0.900	22.904	0.472	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
9.0-10.5	10.50	25.3%	2.7	9	23.36%	17.66	18.82	14.31	96.69	0.99	9.0	0.17	16.44	111.41	0.871	25.240	0.651	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
10.5-12.0	12.00	25.3%	2.7	8	21.64%	17.39	18.81	14.30	110.20	0.93	7.5	0.15	16.53	124.91	0.843	27.372	0.604	SM	0.00%	Silty Sand Non plastic
12.0-13.5	13.50	0.0%	2.7	0	0.00%	0.00	#DIV/0!	0.00	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.40	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.800	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0	0.00%	0.00
13.5-15.0	15.00	0.0%	2.7	0	0.00%	0.00	#DIV/0!	0.00	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.40	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0.756	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0	0.00%	0.00

SOIL BEARING PRESSURE ANALYSIS BY 2:1 METHOD:

BOREHOLE = BH-1

PROJECT: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/SG Building Gov't Center



$\gamma = 16.7$ KN/cu.m.

$D_f = 1.0$ m

$q_{act1} = 90.92$ KPa

Depth from natural ground

Bearing pressure (use) at footing level

Computed Bearing Pressure at specified soil layer (q_{act2}):

$D_1 = 3.5$ m Depth from bottom of footing

$q_{act2} = (B1)^2 / (B2)^2 \cdot q_{act1} + \gamma \cdot D_1$

$q_{act2} = 77.82$ KPa

Computed Bearing pressure at specified level

$s = 34.2$ mm (Approximate Settlement)

Allowable Bearing Pressure at depth from Natural Ground (q_a):

q_a = from Table generated above using Meyerhof Equations

	Level 1	Level 2
q_a	116.67	56.95
q_a	2438	1190
D_f	1.0	4.5
B	3.00	3.00
s	25.0	25.0

$q_a = 116.67$ KPa

$q_a = 2438$ psf

$D_f = 1.0$ m

Depth from natural ground

$B = 3.00$ m

Size of Footing

$s = 25.0$ mm

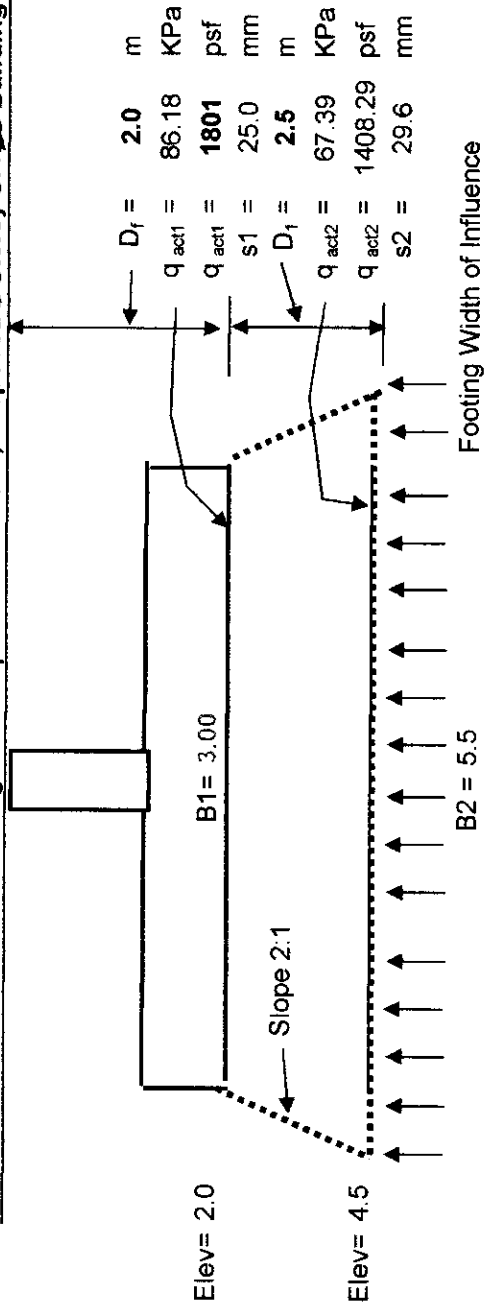
(Approximate Settlement)

SOIL BEARING PRESSURE ANALYSIS BY 2:1 METHOD:

BOREHOLE = BH-1

PROJECT: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/MS Building Gov't Center

Natural Ground



$\gamma = 16.7$ KN/cu.m.

$D_f = 2.0$ m

$q_{act1} = 86.18$ KPa

Computed Bearing Pressure at specified soil layer (q_{act2}):

$D_1 = 2.5$ m

$q_{act2} = (B_1)^2 / (B_2)^2 \cdot q_{act1} + \gamma \cdot D_1$

$q_{act2} = 67.39$ KPa

$s = 29.6$ mm

Allowable Bearing Pressure at depth from Natural Ground (q_a):

q_a = from Table generated above using Meyerhof Equations

Level 1 Level 2

$q_a = 86.18$ KPa

$q_a = 1801$ psf

$D_f = 2.0$ m

$B = 3.00$ m

$s = 25.0$ mm

Depth from natural ground

Size of Footing

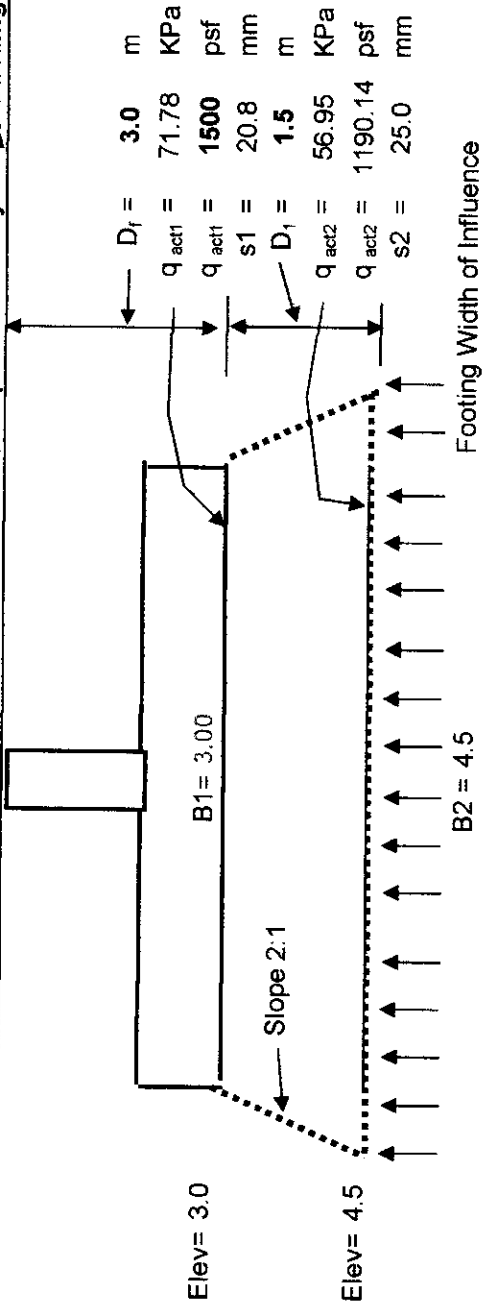
(Approximate Settlement)

SOIL BEARING PRESSURE ANALYSIS BY 2:1 METHOD:

BOREHOLE = BH-1

PROJECT: Verification Soil Boring Test Proposal No. 20-330, Proposed 2 Storey SP/MS Building Gov't Center

Natural Ground



$\gamma = 16.7$ KN/cu.m.

$D_f = 3.0$ m

$q_{act1} = 71.78$ KPa

Computed Bearing Pressure at specified soil layer (q_{act2}):

$D_1 = 1.5$ m

$q_{act2} = (B_1)^2 / (B_2)^2 \cdot q_{act1} + \gamma \cdot D_1$

$q_{act2} = 56.95$ KPa

$s = 25.0$ mm

Allowable Bearing Pressure at depth from Natural Ground (q_a):

q_a = from Table generated above using Meyerhof Equations

	Level 1	Level 2		
q_a	86.18	56.95	KPa	
q_a	<u>1801</u>	<u>1190</u>	psf	
D_f	3.0	4.5	m	Depth from natural ground
B	3.00	3.00	m	Size of Footing
s	25.0	25.0	mm	(Approximate Settlement)